

Hirundo daurica (Red-rumped Swallow)

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

<http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>

<http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>

<http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>

<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

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Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	10,000-30,000	1	2002-2012	poor	-	5-15	2002-2012	poor	-	5-15	1980-2012	poor	
Azerbaijan	Present	<1			?				?				
Bosnia & HG	100-300	<1	2010-2014	poor	?				+	50-70	1980-2013	poor	
Bulgaria	23,000-40,000	1	2005-2012	medium	+	3-5	2000-2012	medium	+	5-10	1980-2012	medium	
Croatia	500-1,000	<1	2014	poor	?				+		1980-2012	poor	
Cyprus	3,000-8,000	<1	2001-2013	poor	0	0	2001-2013	medium	?				
France	150-200	<1	2008	medium	+	100-160	2000-2010	medium	+	2000-18000	1980-2008	medium	
Greece	160,000-230,000	9	2007-2013	poor	0	0	2007-2013	medium	?				
Italy	15-40	<1	2007	medium	F	0	2001-2010	medium	F	0	1980-2010	medium	
Kosovo	100-250	<1	2009-2014	good	?				?				
FYRO Macedonia	10,000-30,000	1	2001-2012	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	+	10-30	1980-2010	poor	
Montenegro	250-500	<1	2002-2012	medium	?				?				
Portugal	10,000-50,000	1	2008-2012	medium	?				+		1980-2012	poor	
Romania	500-1,500	<1	2001-2013	poor	?				+	5-50	1980-2012	poor	
Serbia	1,100-1,400	<1	2008-2012	medium	+	1-9	2000-2012	medium	+	≥30	1980-2012	medium	
Slovenia	3-5	<1	2002-2012	medium	0	0-10	2001-2012	medium	0	0-10	1980-2012	medium	
Spain	1,200,000-2,860,000	85	2004-2006	good	0	0	1998-2012	good	+		1980-2012	medium	
Turkey	30,000-90,000	2	2013	medium	-	0-19	2000-2012	poor	+	0-19	1990-2013	poor	
EU27	1,400,000-3,190,000	96			Stable								
Europe	1,450,000-3,340,000	100			Stable								

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| ↑ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ↓ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ↑ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ↓ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ↑ Small increase ($< 20\%$) | ↓ Small decrease ($< 20\%$) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |
| ■ Stable or fluctuating | |
| □ Unknown | |
| ○ Present (no population or trend data) | |
| × Extinct since 1980 | |

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: $< 1\%$ of the European population

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Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

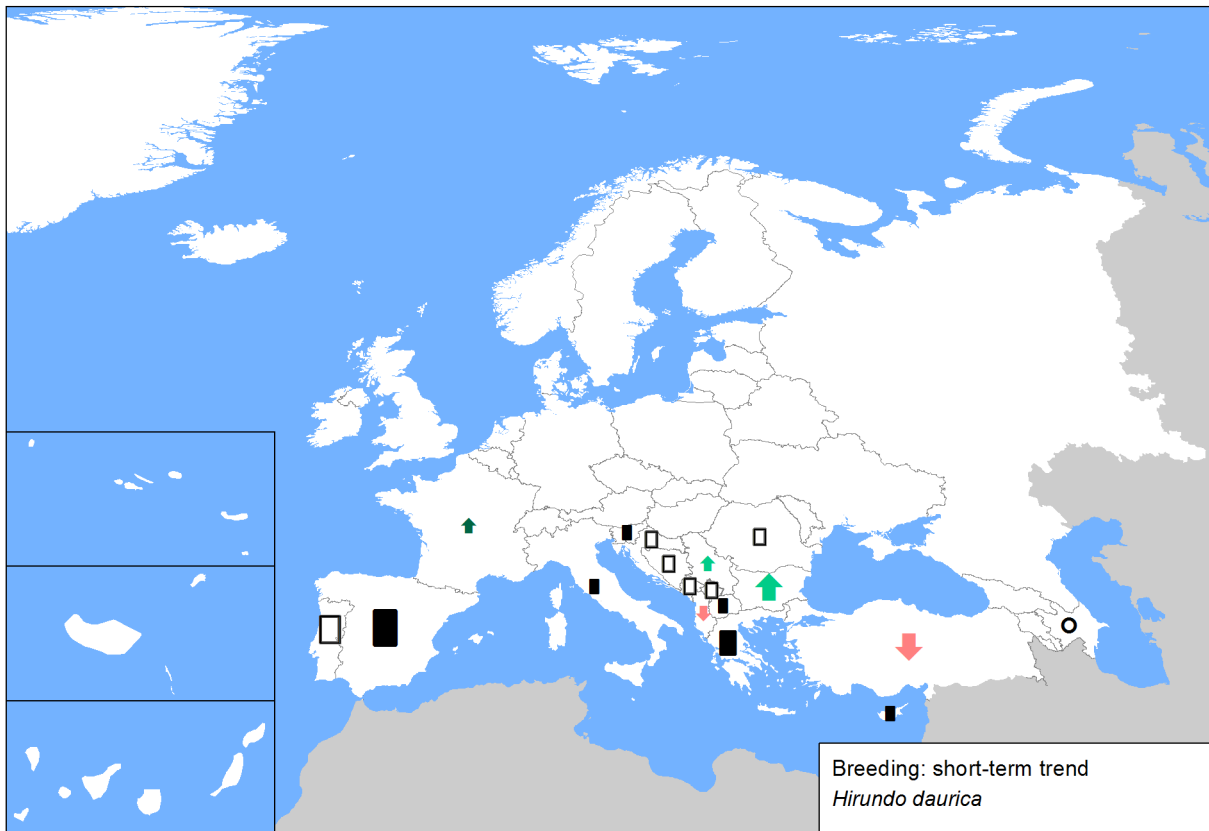
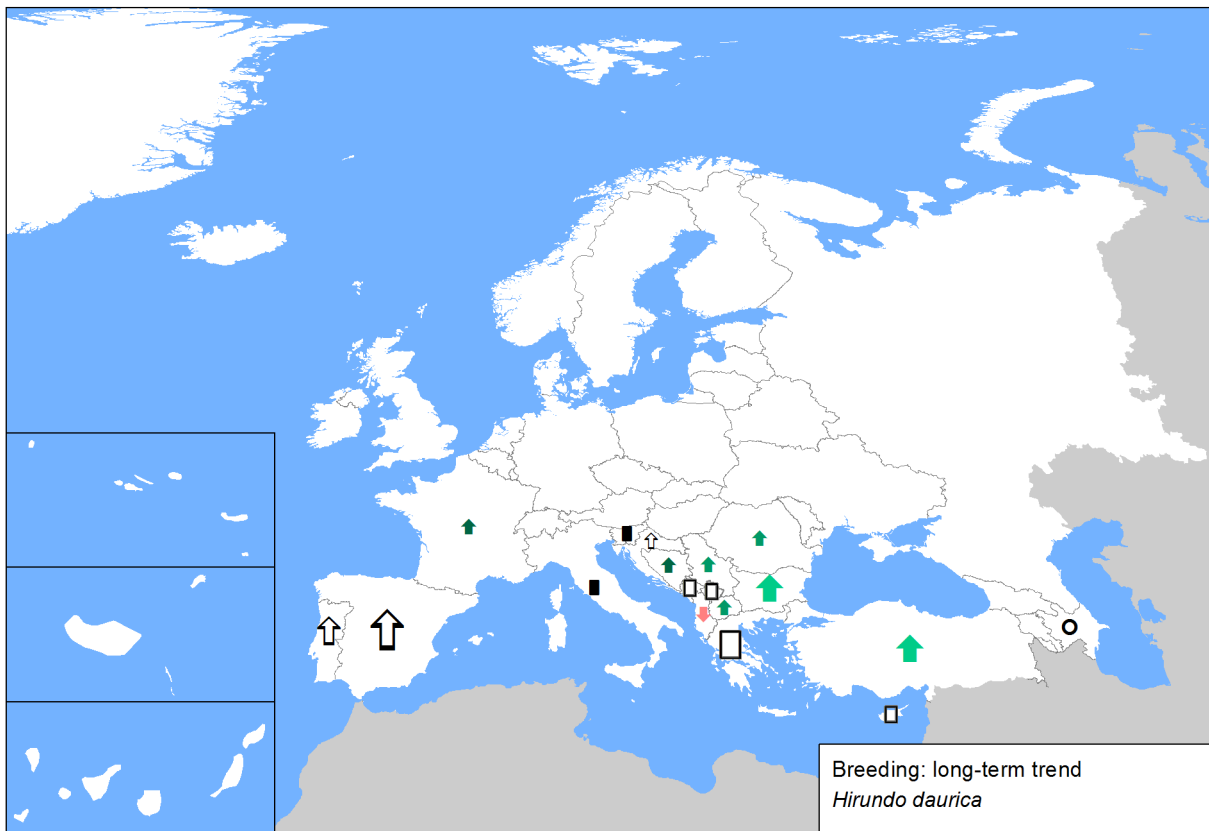


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



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Sources

Albania

Breeding population size: Bino pers. Obs.
Breeding short-term trend: Bino pers. Obs.
Breeding long-term trend: Bino pers. Obs. Fasola and Bino 1996

Azerbaijan

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Breeding long-term trend: Recent data as above, but no systematic data is available for before 2006; Bird sightings records as published in BirdLife Cyprus annual reports

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Kosovo

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