

***Anthus trivialis* (Tree Pipit)**

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

<http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>

<http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>

<http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>

<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Anthus trivialis (Tree Pipit)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	1,000-2,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Andorra	750-1,000	<1	1999-2001	medium	?				?				
Armenia	50,000-70,000	<1	2002-2012	medium	?				?				
Austria	25,000-40,000	<1	2001-2012	medium	-	30-50	2000-2011	medium	?				
Azerbaijan	10,000-50,000	<1	1996-2000	poor	?				?				
Belarus	800,000-1,200,000	3	2000-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Belgium	13,000-14,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	-	48-52	1973-2012	medium	
Bosnia & HG	35,000-40,000	<1	2010-2014	poor	?				?				
Bulgaria	10,000-17,000	<1	2005-2012	medium	-	30-40	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Croatia	50,000-100,000	<1	2014	poor	?				?				
Czech Rep.	211,500-423,000	1	2012	medium	-	56-85	2000-2012	good	-	79-99	1982-2012	good	
Denmark	10,000	<1	2011	medium	0	0	1999-2011	good	-	33-50	1980-2011	good	
Estonia	400,000-700,000	2	2008-2012	medium	-	20-50	2001-2012	medium	-	50-70	1980-2012	medium	
Finland	1,800,000-2,100,000	6	2006-2012	good	-	4-19	2001-2012	good	-	37-45	1983-2012	good	
France	200,000-350,000	1	2008-2012	poor	+	28	2001-2011	good	0	0	1989-2011	medium	
Georgia	Present	<1			?				?				
Germany	275,000-405,000	1	2005-2009	medium	-	34-44	1998-2009	good	-	54-67	1990-2009	good	
Greece	400-800	<1	2008-2012	poor	?				?				
Hungary	120,000-190,000	<1	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1999-2012	medium	?				
Italy	100,000-200,000	<1	2007	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0	1980-2012	poor	
Kosovo	3,000-5,000	<1	2009-2014	medium	?				?				
Latvia	362,621-541,464	1	2012	good	-	4-41	2005-2012	good	+	20-200	1995-2012	medium	
Liechtenstein	40-60	<1	2009-2014	medium	-	20-30	2003-2014	medium	-	50-100	1980-2014	medium	
Lithuania	200,000-400,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Luxembourg	3,000-5,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	-	10-20	2000-2012	medium	-	20-30	1980-2012	poor	
FYRO Macedonia	2,000-5,000	<1	2001-2012	poor	?				?				
Moldova	5,000-10,000	<1	2000-2010	medium	F	0	2000-2010	medium	F	0	1980-2010	medium	
Montenegro	5,000-15,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Netherlands	46,211-59,414	<1	2008-2011	medium	+	41-56	2002-2011	good	+	81-159	1984-2011	good	
Norway	1,000,000-1,700,000	4	2000-2013	poor	-	0-25	2006-2013	good	-	0-20	1980-2013	good	
Poland	910,000-1,100,000	3	2008-2012	good	-	9-22	2000-2012	good	?				
Portugal	500-1,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	?				?				

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Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Romania	500,000-900,000	2	2010-2013	medium	F	0-20	2001-2013	medium	?				
Russia	17,000,000-22,000,000	60	2000-2008	medium	?				-	5-30	1980-2012	poor	
Serbia	22,000-31,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Slovakia	200,000-350,000	1	2002-2012	medium	-	5-15	2000-2012	medium	-	5-15	1980-2012	medium	
Slovenia	30,000-50,000	<1	2002-2012	medium	-	10-20	2001-2012	medium	-	20-30	1980-2012	medium	
Spain	124,500-231,500	1	2004-2006	good	0	0	1998-2012	good	+		1980-2012	medium	
Sweden	1,396,000-3,324,000	7	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	good	0	0	1980-2012	good	
Switzerland	50,000-70,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	good	-	31-66	1990-2012	medium	
Turkey	10,000-30,000	<1	2013	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	?				
Ukraine	850,000-1,240,000	3	2000	medium	F	5-10	1998-2010	medium	F	10-15	1980-2010	medium	
United Kingdom	55,000-121,000	<1	2009	medium	-	12	1998-2010	good	-	67	1980-2010	good	
EU27	6,990,000-11,500,000	28			Decreasing								
Europe	26,900,000-38,100,000	100			Decreasing								

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| ↑ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ↓ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ↑ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ↓ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ↑ Small increase ($< 20\%$) | ↓ Small decrease ($< 20\%$) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |
| ■ Stable or fluctuating | |
| □ Unknown | |
| ○ Present (no population or trend data) | |
| × Extinct since 1980 | |

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: $< 1\%$ of the European population

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Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

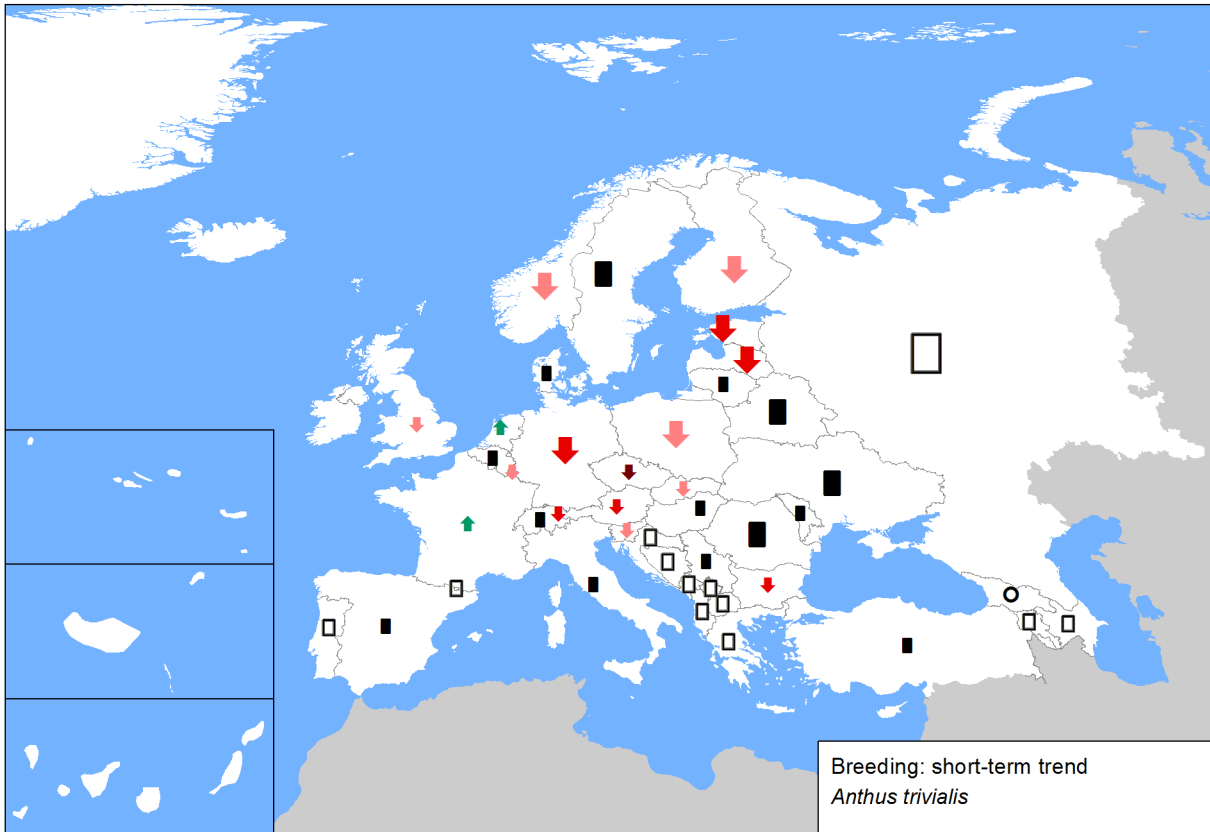
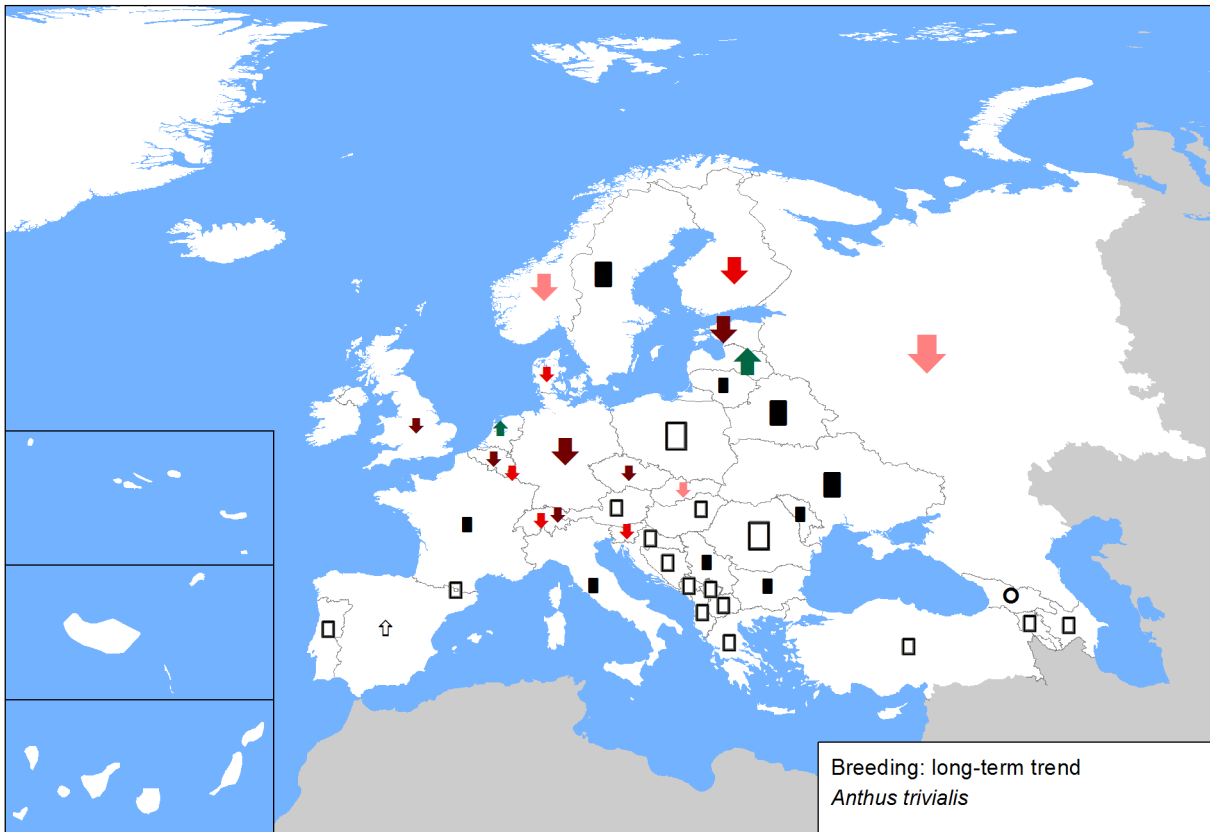


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



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Sources

Albania

Breeding population size: Bino pers. obs.

Andorra

Breeding population size: BirdLife International 2004

Armenia

Breeding population size: ASPB data

Austria

Breeding population size: BirdLife Austria, extrapolation on the basis of available unpublished and published population and density data

Breeding short-term trend: N. Teufelbauer based on data from the Austrian Common Breeding Bird Monitoring

Azerbaijan

Breeding population size: BirdLife International 2004

Belarus

Breeding population size: Zhuravliev D.V. - personal communication

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Belgium

Breeding population size: Data Breeding Bird atlas Wallonia (Jacob et al 2010), Brussels (Weiserbs 2012) and Flanders (Vermeersch et al 2004) in combination with trend data.

Breeding short-term trend: Common bird monitoring schemes

Breeding long-term trend: Comparison between 2008-2012 estimate and Devillers, 1989 (Atlas of the Belgian Breeding Bird) population estimate

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Breeding population size: unpublsh data

Bulgaria

Breeding population size: Iankov, P. (ed.) 2007 Atlas of Breeding Birds in Bulgaria . Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds, Conservation Series, Book 10, Sofia, BSPB, 679 p. Ivanov, B. 2011. Fauna of Bulgaria, Vol. 30, Aves, part III, Sofia, BAS, 409 p. (in Bulgarian with English Summary) BSPB Bird Database

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Croatia

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Breeding long-term trend: BiE III Work group, Croatia

Czech Republic

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Denmark

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Estonia

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Finland

Breeding population size: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

Breeding short-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

Breeding long-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

France

Breeding population size: <http://www.atlas-ornitho.fr/> GUELIN F. 2010 Pipit des arbres, Delachaux & Niestlé, 289-290

Breeding short-term trend: <http://vigienature.mnhn.fr/page/pipit-des-arbres>

Breeding long-term trend: <http://vigienature.mnhn.fr/page/pipit-des-arbres>

Georgia

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Germany

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Breeding short-term trend: Monitoring häufiger Brutvögel

Breeding long-term trend: Monitoring häufiger Brutvögel

Greece

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Kosovo

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Latvia

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Liechtenstein

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Lithuania

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Luxembourg

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Romania

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Russia

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Serbia

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