



THE IUCN RED LIST
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



Lullula arborea (Wood Lark)

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14.

For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

- <http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>
- <http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>
- <http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>
- <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Lullula arborea (Wood Lark)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	2,000-8,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	-	10-20	2002-2012	poor	-	15-25	1980-2012	poor	
Andorra	20-75	<1	1999-2001	poor	?				?				
Armenia	20,000-30,000	1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Austria	1,100-1,500	<1	2001-2012	medium	+	10-30	2001-2012	medium	?				
Azerbaijan	5,000-10,000	<1	1996-2000	poor	?				?				
Belarus	20,000-35,000	1	2000-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Belgium	500-1,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	0	0	2000-2012	medium	+	138-376	1973-2012	medium	
Bosnia & HG	4,000-6,000	<1	2010-2014	poor	?				?				
Bulgaria	35,000-90,000	2	2005-2012	medium	+	29-130	2001-2012	good	0	0	1980-2012	poor	
Croatia	10,000-13,000	<1	2013	poor	?				?				
Cyprus	700-2,000	<1	2001-2012	medium	?				?				
Czech Rep.	600-1,100	<1	2001-2003	good	+	45	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Denmark	350-450	<1	2009	poor	0	0	2000-2011	medium	0	0	1980-2011	medium	
Estonia	10,000-20,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0-10	2001-2012	medium	0	0-10	1980-2012	medium	
Finland	4,000-7,000	<1	2006-2010	good	+	58-149	2000-2011	good	+	685-1430	1986-2011	good	
France	60,000-180,000	4	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2011	medium	F	0	1989-2011	medium	
Georgia	Present	<1			?				?				
Germany	32,000-55,000	2	2005-2009	good	+	32-91	1998-2009	good	+	48-116	1990-2009	good	
Greece	5,000-20,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	?				?				
Hungary	1,000	<1	2000-2012	poor	-	61	1999-2012	medium	-	61	1980-2012	poor	
Italy	20,000-40,000	1	2007	poor	+	45-55	2000-2012	medium	+	45-55	1990-2012	poor	
Kosovo	2,000-2,500	<1	2009-2014	medium	?				?				
Latvia	29,927-88,434	2	2011	good	0	0-33	2005-2012	medium	+	169-5297	1994-2010	medium	
Lithuania	10,000-20,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Luxembourg	25-30	<1	2008-2012	good	0	0-10	2000-2012	medium	-	50-90	1980-2012	medium	
FYRO Macedonia	5,000-15,000	<1	2001-2012	poor	?				?				
Moldova	1,600-2,400	<1	2000-2010	medium	0	0	2000-2010	medium	0	0	1980-2010	medium	
Montenegro	2,000-3,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Netherlands	4,664-5,597	<1	2008-2011	medium	0	0	2002-2011	good	+	258-351	1984-2011	good	
Norway	110-235	<1	2008-2010	poor	-	60-95	2000-2013	medium	?				
Poland	270,000-490,000	14	2008-2012	good	+	14-43	2000-2012	good	?				
Portugal	100,000-500,000	8	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2004-2011	medium	?				

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	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Romania	100,000-250,000	6	2010-2013	medium	?				?				
Russia	80,000-200,000	5	2000-2008	poor	-	5-30	2000-2012	poor	-	5-30	1980-2012	medium	
Serbia	13,000-17,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	+	1-9	1980-2012	medium	
Slovakia	1,500-3,000	<1	2000-2012	poor	-	1-20	2000-2012	poor	-	1-20	1980-2012	poor	
Slovenia	3,300-4,400	<1	2008-2012	good	-	29-35	2001-2012	good	-	29-50	1980-2012	medium	
Spain	865,000-1,385,000	41	2004-2006	good	+	16	1998-2012	good	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Sweden	9,000-20,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	+	100-300	1980-2012	medium	
Switzerland	250-500	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	+	11-42	1990-2012	medium	
Turkey	150,000-350,000	9	2013	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0-19	1990-2013	poor	
Ukraine	8,000-12,000	<1	2000	medium	F	5-15	2001-2012	medium	F	10-25	1980-2012	medium	
United Kingdom	2,500-3,700	<1	2006	good	+	40	1996-2008	good	+	854	1970-2006	good	
EU27	1,570,000-3,190,000	82			Increasing								
Europe	1,890,000-3,890,000	100			Increasing								

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ▲ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ▼ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ▲ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ▼ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ▲ Small increase (<20%) | ▼ Small decrease (<20%) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |

- Stable or fluctuating
- Unknown
- Present (no population or trend data)
- ✗ Extinct since 1980

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

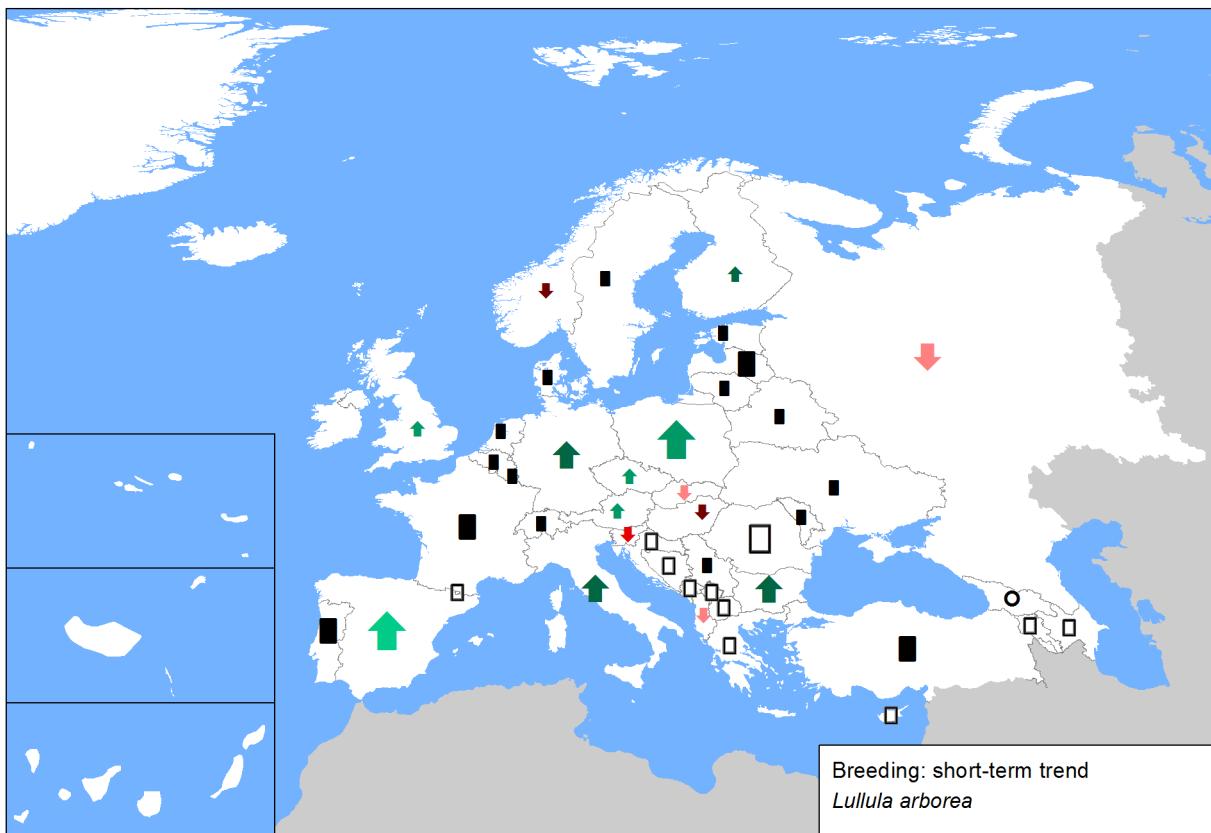
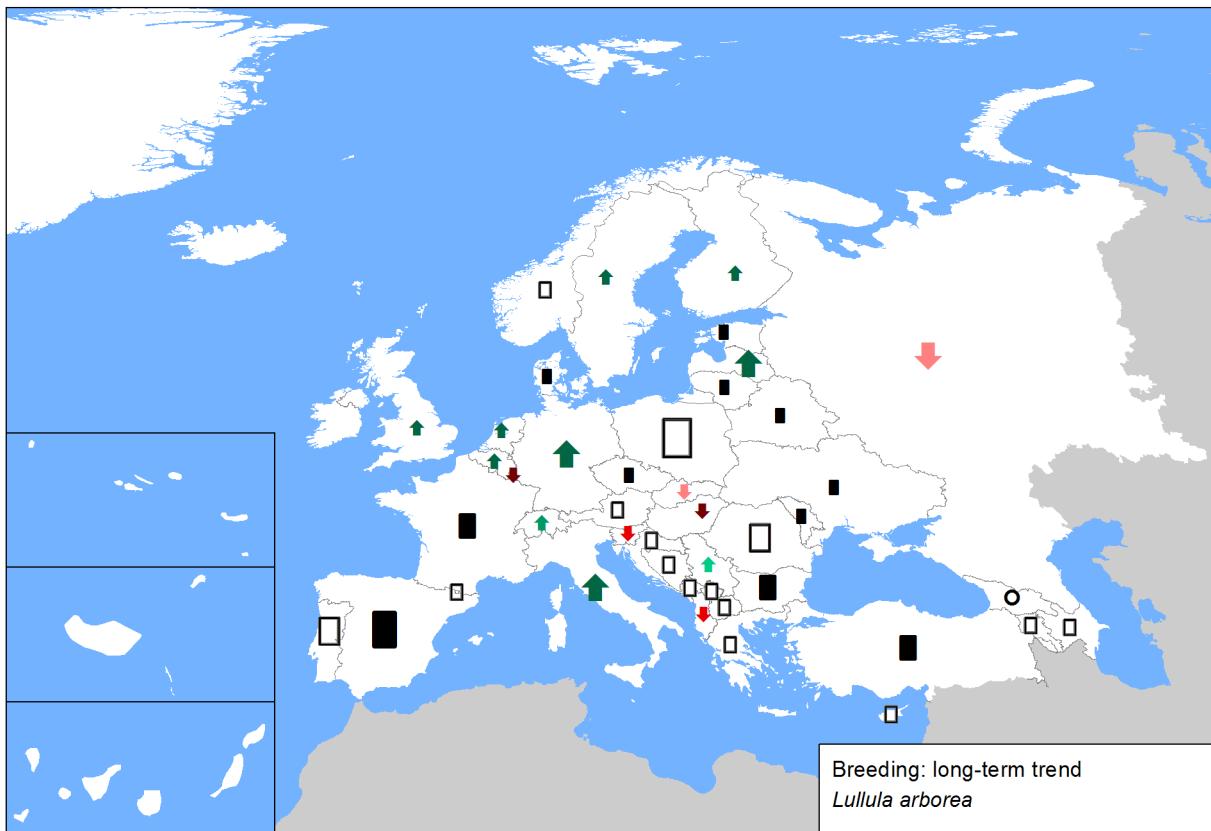


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



Sources

Albania

Breeding population size: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding short-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding long-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Andorra

Breeding population size: BirdLife International 2004

Armenia

Breeding population size: ASPB data

Austria

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Azerbaijan

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Belgium

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Cyprus

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Kosovo

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