

Turdus philomelos (Song Thrush)

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

<http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>

<http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>

<http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>

<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Turdus philomelos (Song Thrush)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	1,000-5,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	0	0	2002-2012	poor	-	1-20	1980-2012	poor	
Andorra	200-300	<1	1999-2001	medium	?				?				
Armenia	4,000-10,000	<1	2002-2012	medium	?				?				
Austria	350,000-550,000	1	2001-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2011	medium	?				
Azerbaijan	50,000-100,000	<1	1996-2000	poor	?				?				
Belarus	700,000-800,000	2	2001-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Belgium	120,000-190,000	1	2008-2012	poor	+	2-11	2000-2012	medium	-	5-40	1973-2012	medium	
Bosnia & HG	150,000-200,000	1	2010-2014	poor	?				?				
Bulgaria	150,000-500,000	1	2005-2012	medium	+	0-45	2001-2012	medium	0	0-5	1980-2012	poor	
Croatia	600,000-1,000,000	3	2014	poor	?				?				
Czech Rep.	536,000-1,072,000	3	2012	medium	+	35-56	2000-2012	good	+	27-49	1982-2012	good	
Denmark	220,000	1	2011	medium	0	0	1999-2011	good	0	0	1980-2011	good	
Estonia	350,000-500,000	1	2008-2012	medium	-	20-50	2001-2012	medium	-	20-50	1980-2012	medium	
Finland	880,000-1,300,000	4	2006-2012	good	+	32-61	2001-2012	good	+	13-34	1983-2012	good	
France	1,500,000-2,500,000	6	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2011	good	+	15-130	1989-2011	medium	
Georgia	Present	<1			?				?				
Germany	1,400,000-1,950,000	5	2005-2009	medium	0	0	1998-2009	good	0	0	1990-2009	good	
Greece	1,000-3,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	0	0	2007-2013	medium	?				
Hungary	365,000-468,000	1	2000-2012	medium	+	103	1999-2012	medium	?				
Rep. Ireland	704,710-2,106,700	3	2006-2011	good	-	2-17	1998-2011	good	?				
Italy	100,000-300,000	1	2008	poor	+	60-70	2000-2012	medium	+	65-95	1990-2012	poor	
Kosovo	20,000-30,000	<1	2009-2014	medium	?				?				
Latvia	636,767-1,241,450	3	2012	good	+	5-180	2005-2012	good	+	15-117	1994-2010	medium	
Liechtenstein	1,000-1,500	<1	2009-2014	medium	+	10-20	2003-2014	medium	+	20-30	1980-2014	medium	
Lithuania	200,000-400,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Luxembourg	5,000-8,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	?				?				
FYRO Macedonia	30,000-100,000	<1	2001-2012	poor	?				?				
Moldova	30,000-50,000	<1	2000-2010	medium	0	0	2000-2010	good	0	0	1980-2010	good	
Montenegro	40,000-60,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Netherlands	151,904-202,538	1	2008-2011	medium	0	0	2002-2011	medium	+	107-187	1984-2011	medium	
Norway	1,000,000-2,000,000	5	2013	poor	+		2006-2013	good	+	10-50	1980-2013	good	
Poland	1,100,000-1,300,000	4	2008-2012	good	+	70-90	2000-2012	good	?				

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Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Portugal	5,000-10,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	+		2001-2012	poor	+		1990-2012	medium	
Romania	850,000-1,700,000	4	2010-2013	medium	F	0-20	2001-2013	medium	?				
Russia	7,500,000-10,200,000	29	2000-2008	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	+	5-30	1980-2012	medium	
Serbia	350,000-450,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	+	1-9	1980-2012	medium	
Slovakia	300,000-600,000	1	2002	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Slovenia	100,000-160,000	<1	2002-2012	good	?				?				
Spain	338,000-635,000	2	2004-2006	good	+	52	1998-2012	good	+		1980-2012	poor	
Sweden	1,157,000-2,703,000	6	2008-2012	medium	+	13-26	2001-2012	good	0	0	1980-2012	good	
Switzerland	200,000-250,000	1	2008-2012	medium	+	7-29	2001-2012	good	0	0	1990-2012	medium	
Turkey	20,000-100,000	<1	2013	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0-19	1990-2013	poor	
Ukraine	1,000,000-1,200,000	4	2000	medium	F	5-10	1998-2010	medium	F	5-10	1980-2010	medium	
United Kingdom	1,200,000	4	2009	medium	+	8	1998-2010	good	-	24	1980-2010	good	
EU27	12,700,000-21,800,000	54			Increasing								
Europe	24,400,000-38,400,000	100			Increasing								

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| ↑ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ↓ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ↑ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ↓ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ↑ Small increase ($< 20\%$) | ↓ Small decrease ($< 20\%$) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |
| ■ Stable or fluctuating | |
| □ Unknown | |
| ○ Present (no population or trend data) | |
| × Extinct since 1980 | |

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: $< 1\%$ of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

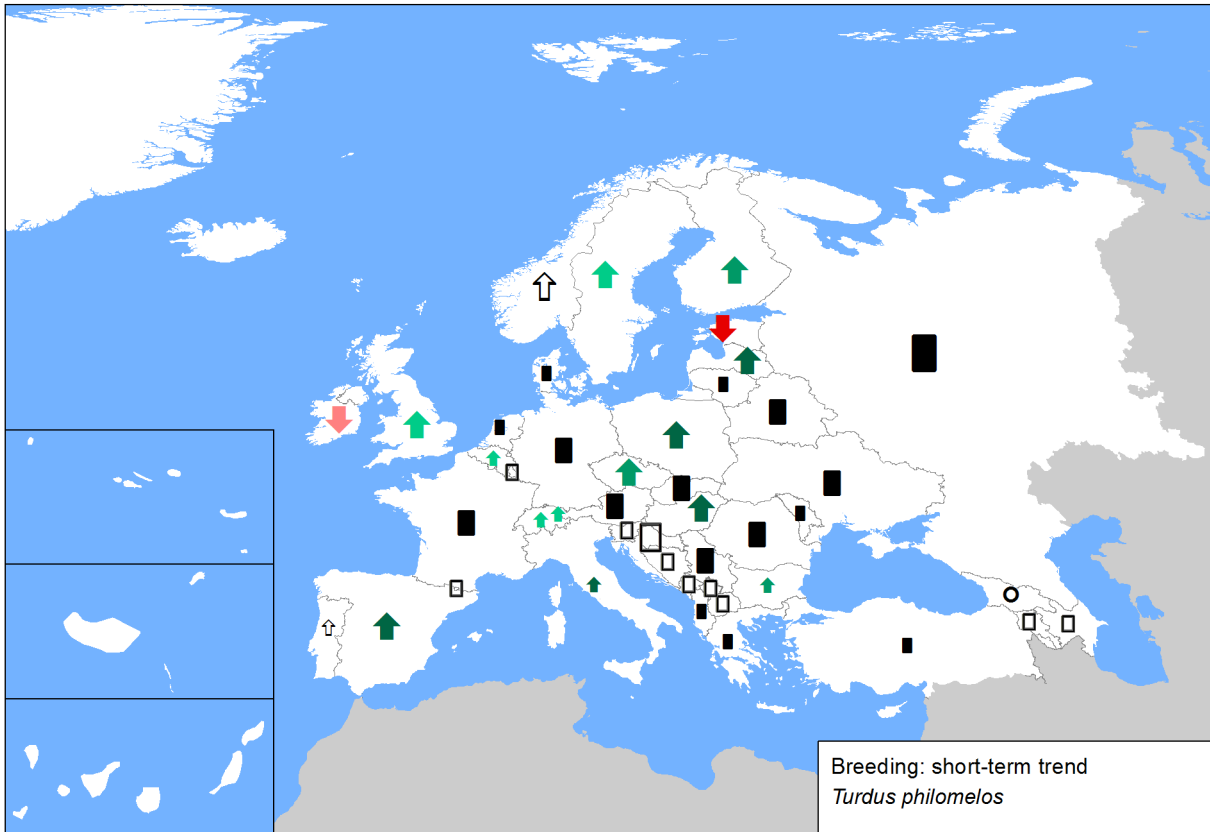
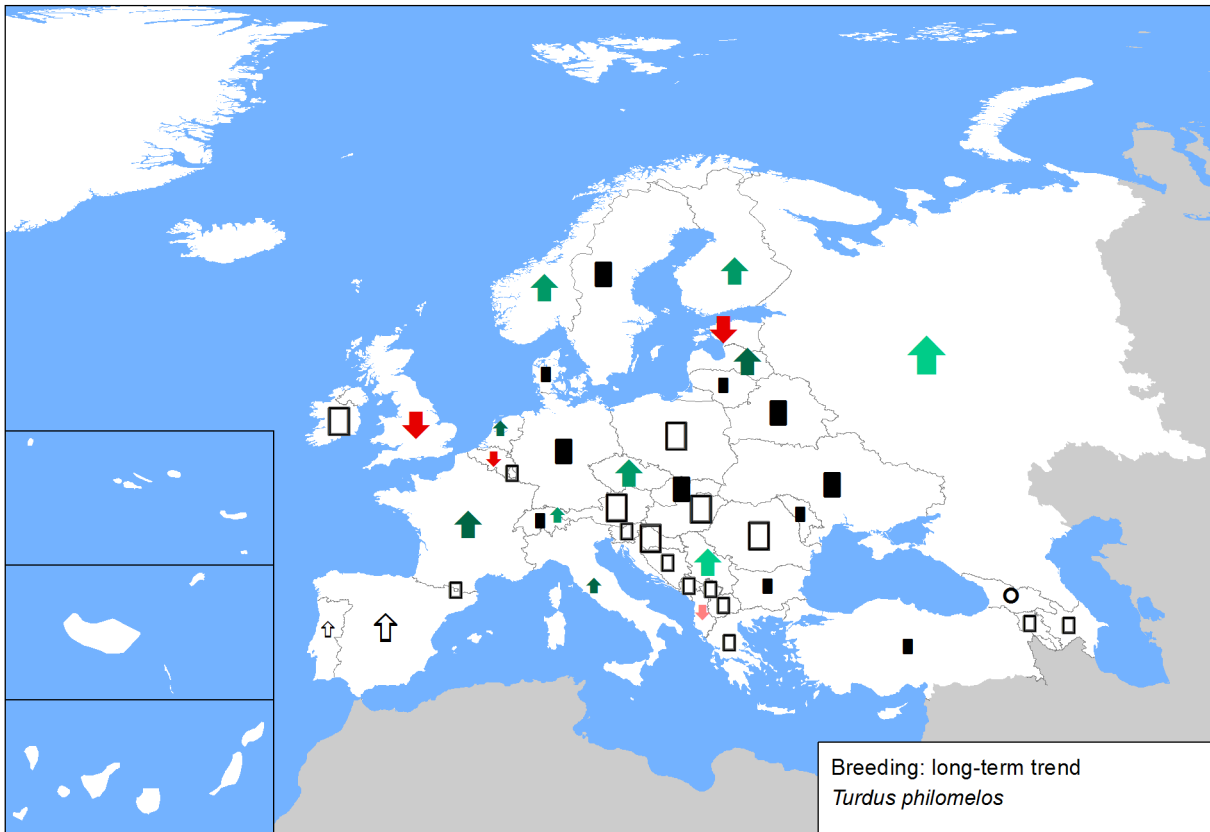


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



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Sources

Albania

Breeding population size: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding short-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding long-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Andorra

Breeding population size: BirdLife International 2004

Armenia

Breeding population size: ASPB data

Austria

Breeding population size: BirdLife Austria, extrapolation on the basis of available unpublished and published population and density data

Breeding short-term trend: N. Teufelbauer based on data from the Austrian Common Breeding Bird Monitoring

Azerbaijan

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Belarus

Breeding population size: Zhuravliev D.V. - personal communication

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Belgium

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Breeding short-term trend: Common bird monitoring schemes

Breeding long-term trend: Comparison between 2008-2012 estimate and Devillers, 1989 (Atlas of the Belgian Breeding Bird) population estimate

Bosnia and Herzegovina

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Bulgaria

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Breeding long-term trend: BiE III Work group, Croatia

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Denmark

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Estonia

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Finland

Breeding population size: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

Breeding short-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

Breeding long-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

France

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Breeding short-term trend: denis.roux@oncfs.gouv.fr <http://www.oncfs.gouv.fr/IMG/GRIVE%20MUSICIENNE.pdf> <http://vigienature.mnhn.fr/page/grive-musicienne>

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Georgia

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Kosovo

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Liechtenstein

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Lithuania

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Luxembourg

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Portugal

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