



THE IUCN RED LIST
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



Falco naumanni (Lesser Kestrel)

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14.

For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

- <http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>
- <http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>
- <http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>
- <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Falco naumanni (Lesser Kestrel)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	10-30	<1	2002-2012	poor	0	0	2002-2012	poor	-	20-40	1980-2012	poor	
Armenia	100-130	<1	2002-2012	medium	?				?				
Azerbaijan	1,500-3,000	6	2014	medium	0.0	0	2000-2014	medium	0.0	0	1980-2014	medium	
Bosnia & HG	1-10	<1	2010-2014	poor	?				-	50-60	1980-2013	poor	
Bulgaria	0-5	<1	2000-2012	medium	-	100	2000-2012	medium	-	100	1980-2012	medium	
Croatia	30-40	<1	2013	good	+		2010-2013	good	?				
France	284	1	2008-2012	good	+	453	2001-2012	good	+	1675-2266	1980-2012	good	
Georgia	0-100	<1	2005-2012	medium	?				-	84-100	1980-2012	medium	
Greece	5,400-7,100	18	2013	good	?				?				
Italy	5,500-6,700	18	2005-2012	medium	+	45-50	2000-2012	medium	+	570-1000	1993-2012	medium	
Kosovo	80-120	<1	2009-2014	medium	?				?				
FYRO Macedonia	500-800	2	2010-2012	medium	-	60-80	2000-2012	medium	-	80-95	1980-2012	poor	
Moldova	0-1	<1	2000-2010	medium	-	50-80	2000-2010	medium	-	50-90	1980-2010	medium	
Portugal	480-484	1	2005	good	+	60-70	2001-2012	medium	+	300-320	1990-2005	medium	
Romania	0-3	<1	2000-2013	medium	0	0	2001-2013	medium	-	99-100	1980-2012	medium	
Russia	1,000-1,500	4	2010-2012	medium	+	150-200	2000-2012	good	F	0	1980-2012	good	
Serbia	1-2	<1	2008-2012	medium	F	0	2000-2012	poor	F	0	1980-2012	medium	
Slovenia	0	<1	2001-2012	medium					-	100	1980-1994	medium	
Spain	14,072-14,686	43	2000-2007	good	+	122	1998-2011	good	+		1980-2012	medium	
Turkey	1,500-3,000	6	2013	good	-	40-59	2000-2012	good	-	20-29	1990-2013	medium	
Ukraine	5-10	<1	2000	medium	-	10-30	2001-2012	medium	-	20-25	1980-2012	medium	
EU27	25,700-29,300	81		Increasing									
Europe	30,500-38,000	100		Increasing									

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ▲ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ▼ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ▲ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ▼ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ▲ Small increase (<20%) | ▼ Small decrease (<20%) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |

- Stable or fluctuating
- Unknown
- Present (no population or trend data)
- ✗ Extinct since 1980

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

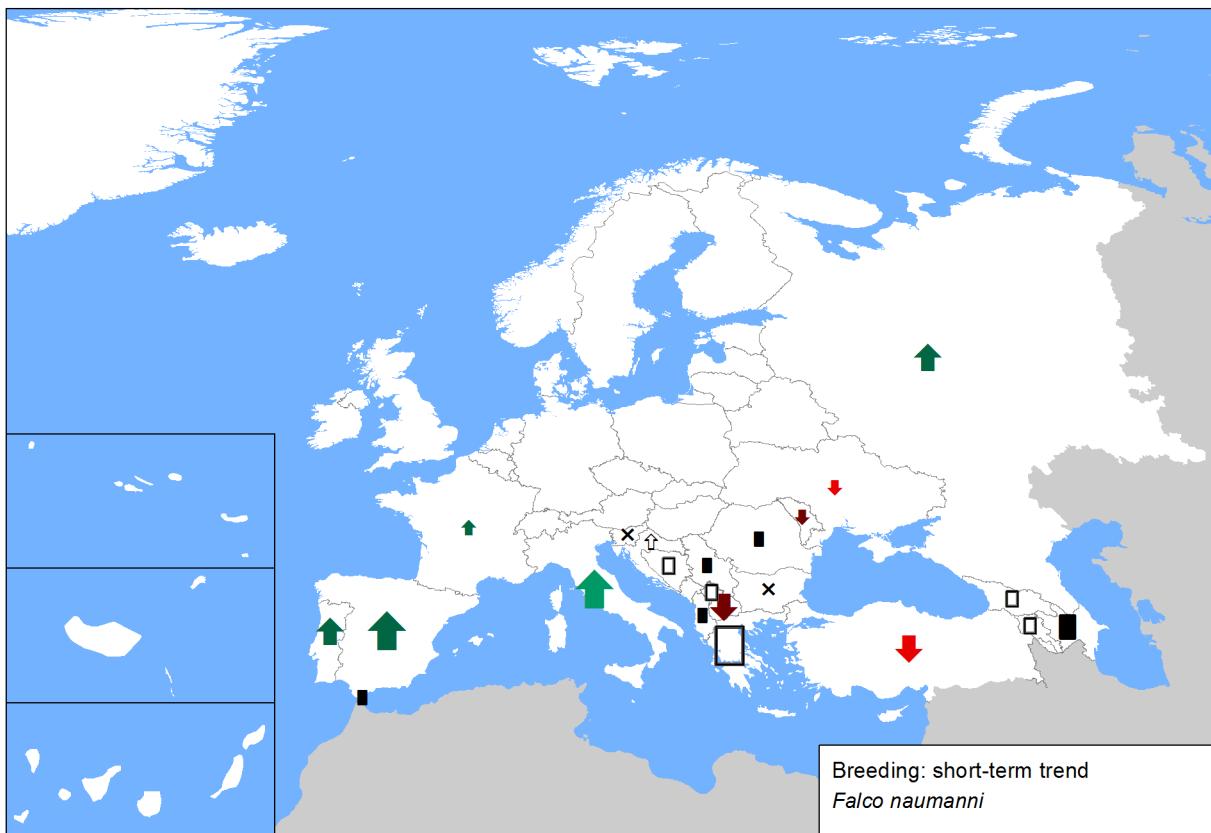
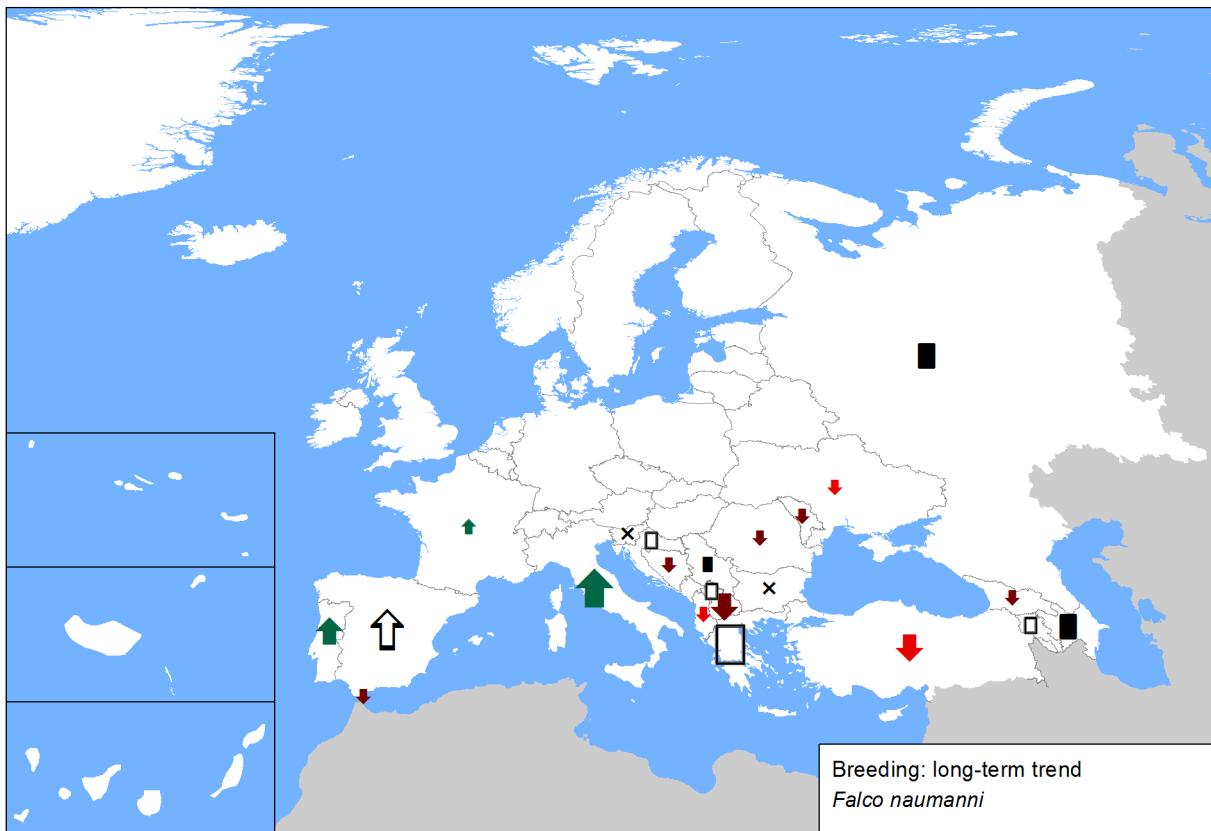


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



Sources

Albania

Breeding population size: Topi pers. obs. Bino pers. obs.

Breeding short-term trend: Topi pers. obs. Bino pers. Obs.

Breeding long-term trend: Topi pers. obs. Bino pers. Obs.

Armenia

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Azerbaijan

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Breeding long-term trend: AOS data base

Bosnia and Herzegovina

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