

***Larus canus* (Mew Gull)**

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

<http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>

<http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>

<http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>

<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Larus canus (Mew Gull)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Austria	4-7	<1	2008-2012	good	0	0	2001-2012	good	0	0	1980-2012	good	
Belarus	1,000-1,500	<1	2000-2012	medium	+	25-100	2000-2012	medium	+	25-100	1980-2012	medium	
Belgium	10-100	<1	2008-2012	medium	-	10-91	2000-2012	poor	0	0	1973-2012	poor	
Czech Rep.	2-4	<1	2001-2003	good	?				-	33-43	1985-2003	medium	
Denmark	33,000	4	2011	medium	+	25-50	1999-2011	good	+	50-100	1980-2011	good	
DK: Faroe Is	1,000	<1	1981	medium	?				?				
Estonia	10,000-15,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0-10	2001-2012	medium	0	0-10	1980-2012	medium	
Finland	70,000-90,000	10	2006-2010	medium	0	0	2001-2012	good	+	26-38	1980-2012	good	
France	29-31	<1	2012	good	F	0	2000-2012	good	+	5-55	1980-2012	medium	
Germany	22,000-24,000	3	2005-2009	good	0	0	1998-2009	medium	+	31-400	1985-2009	medium	
Hungary	0-2	<1	2000-2012	medium	F	0	2000-2012	medium	F	0	1980-2012	medium	
Iceland	700	<1	2000	medium	+	30-50	2000-	medium	+	30-50	1980-2004	medium	
Rep. Ireland	1,927	<1	2012	poor	+	82	2002-2012	poor	-	47	1978-2012	poor	
Latvia	529-1,348	<1	2000-2004	good	?				+	0-200	1980-2004	medium	
Lithuania	150-200	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	+	50-100	1980-2012	medium	
Netherlands	4,000-4,500	1	2009	good	-	34-55	2002-2011	good	-	56-58	1980-2009	good	
Norway	125,000	15	2013	medium	-	20-50	2003-2013	good	F	0	1974-2013	good	
NO: Svalbard	1-2	<1	2004-2013	good	?				?				
Poland	800-1,200	<1	2008-2012	medium	-	55-65	1998-2012	medium	-	70-80	1980-2012	medium	
Russia	250,000-600,000	47	2002-2008	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0	1980-2012	poor	
Slovakia	0-3	<1	2002	good	?				?				
Sweden	71,000-132,000	12	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	good	-	23-40	1980-2012	good	
Switzerland	1-3	<1	2008-2012	good	0	0	2001-2012	good	-	50-80	1980-2012	good	
Ukraine	50-150	<1	2000	medium	-	10-50	2001-2012	medium	F	10-50	1980-2012	medium	
United Kingdom	49,000	6	1998-2002	good	-	44	1998-2011	medium	+	36	1986-2000	good	
EU27	262,000-352,000	37			Stable								
Europe	640,000-1,080,000	100			Decreasing								

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Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

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Table 2. Reported national wintering population sizes and trends in Europe¹. Note that some countries within the species' wintering range did not report any data, and that only minimum totals are presented, to avoid double-counting of birds moving between countries.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (individuals) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	10-30	<1	2002-2012	medium	0	0	2002-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	poor	
Azerbaijan	1,500-3,500	1	1996-2002	poor	?				?				
Belarus	10-20	<1	2000-2012	good	F	50-100	2000-2012	medium	?				
Belgium	90,000-165,000	29	2002-2012	medium	?				?				
Bosnia & HG	5-40	<1	2008-2013	medium	0	0	2000-2013	medium	?				
Bulgaria	10-900	<1	2008-2012	medium	-	90	2000-2012	good	F	10-20	1980-2012	poor	
Croatia	100-1,200	<1	2014	poor	?				?				
DK: Faroe Is	300-1,000	<1	1992	medium	?				?				
France	37,300-45,000	10	2011-2012	medium	F	0	2000-2012	medium	F	0	1984-2012	medium	
Georgia	Present	<1	2012		?				?				
Germany	185,000	45	2000-2005	medium	-	11-100	1997-2009	medium	F	0	1989-2009	medium	
Iceland	Present	<1	2012		?				?				
Rep. Ireland	18,415	4	2006-2011	medium	?				?				
Luxembourg	1-30	<1	2008-2012	medium	F	0-50	2000-2012	medium	?				
Moldova	5-15	<1	2000-2010	medium	F	0	2000-2010	medium	F	0	1980-2010	medium	
Montenegro	0-10	<1	2003-2012	poor	?				?				
Poland	12,000-20,000	4	2011-2012	medium	?				?				
Serbia	6,000-12,000	2	2008-2012	medium	F	0	2000-2012		?				
Slovenia	400-1,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	+	20-40	2001-2012	good	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Switzerland	1,464-3,856	1	2008-2012	good	-	42-49	2001-2012	good	-	21-24	1980-2012	good	
Turkey	8,000-12,000	2	2012	medium	0	0	2002-2012	poor	?				
Ukraine	5,000-10,000	2	1998-2009	medium	-	10-50	1998-2009	medium	F	10-50	1980-2009	medium	
EU27	343,000-435,000	92			Uncertain								
Europe	366,000-479,000	100			Uncertain								

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

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³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| ↑ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ↓ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ↑ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ↓ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ↑ Small increase ($< 20\%$) | ↓ Small decrease ($< 20\%$) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |
| ■ Stable or fluctuating | |
| □ Unknown | |
| ○ Present (no population or trend data) | |
| × Extinct since 1980 | |

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: $< 1\%$ of the European population

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Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

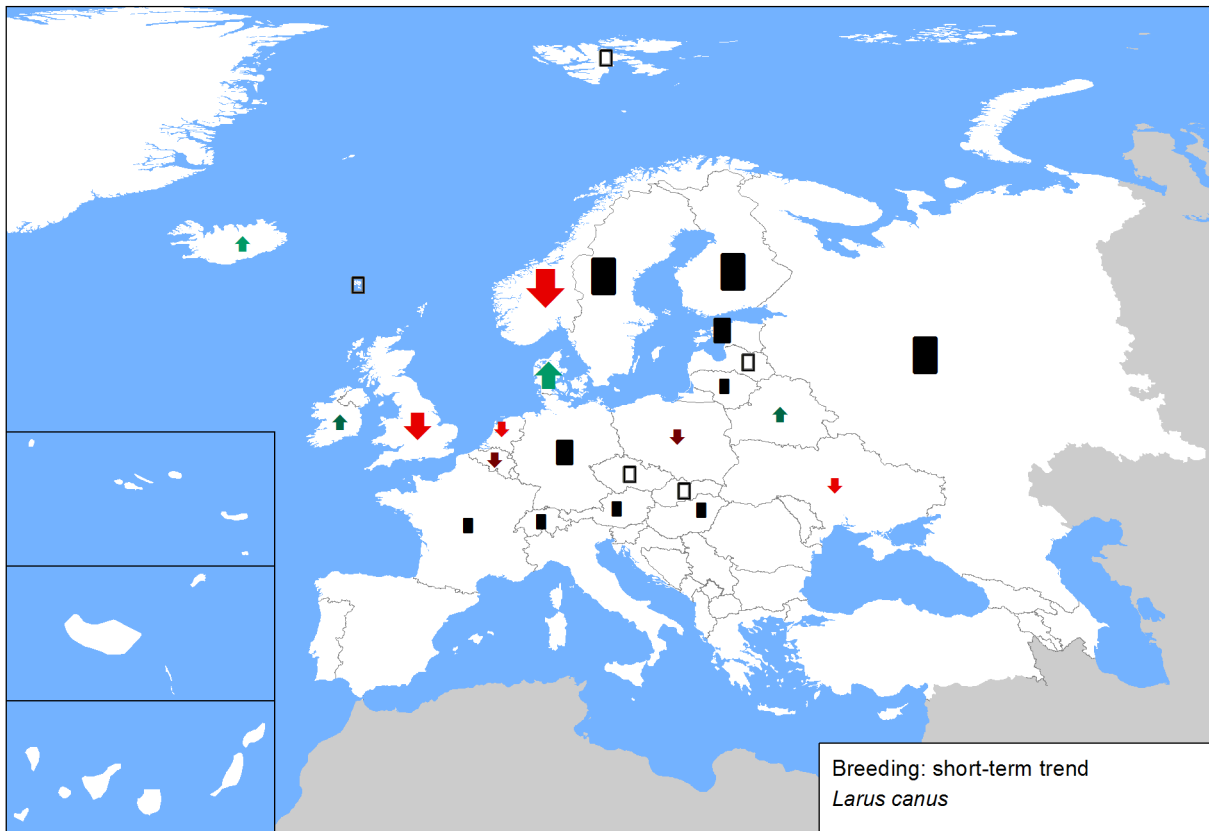


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.

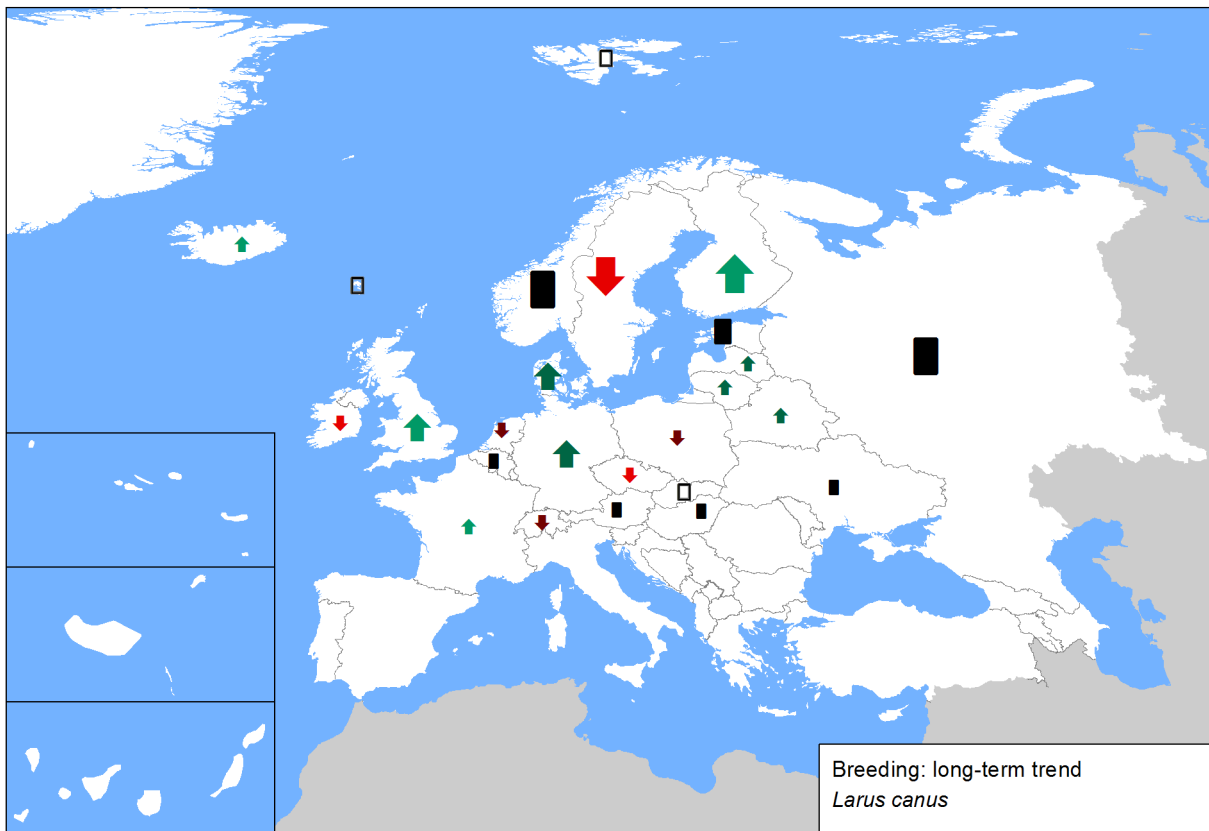


Figure 3. Reported wintering population sizes and short-term trends across Europe. Note that some countries within the species' wintering range did not report any data.

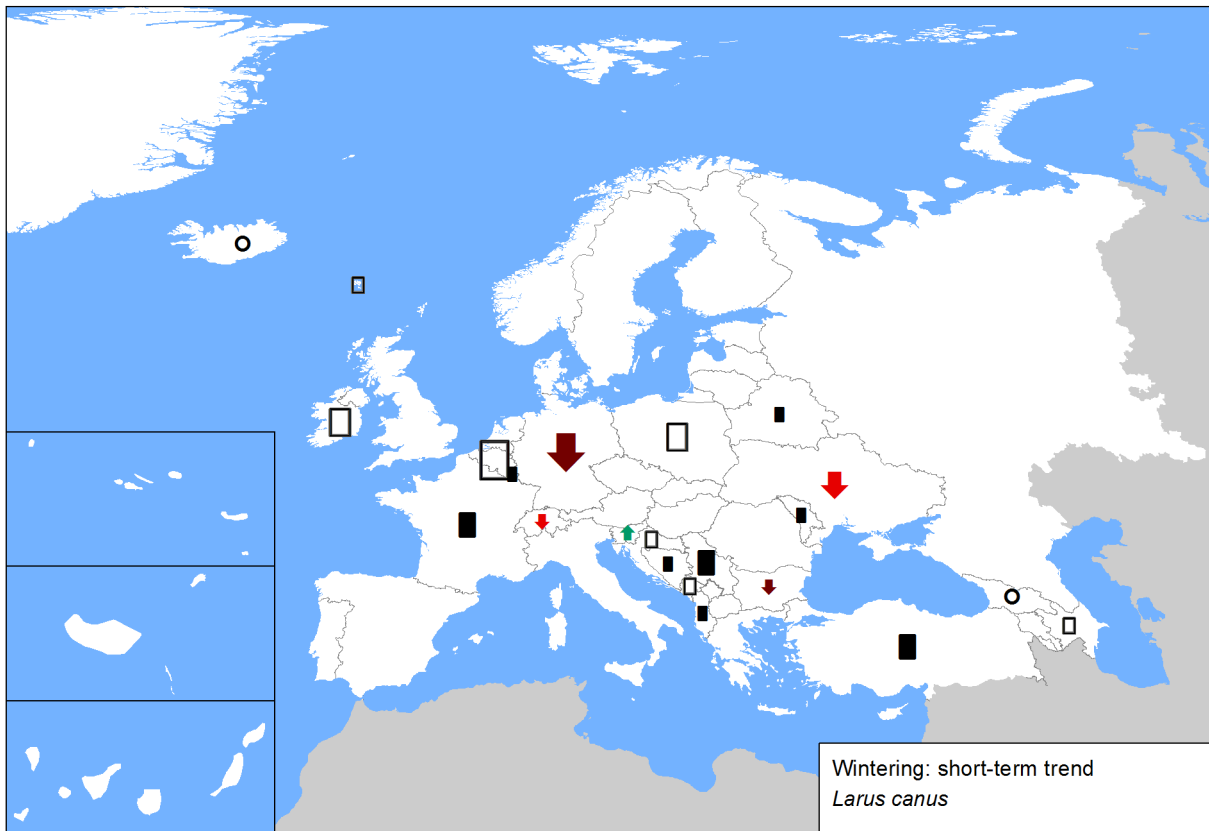
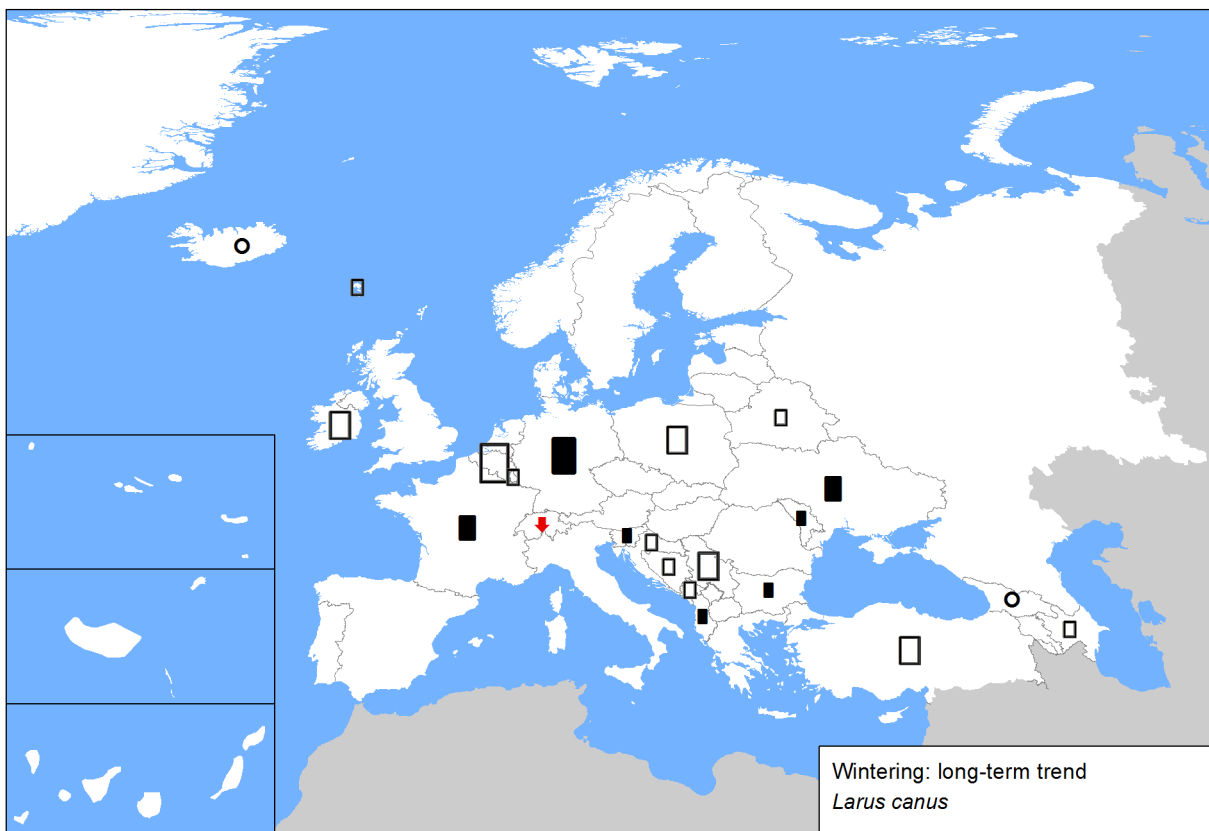


Figure 4. Reported wintering population sizes and long-term trends across Europe. Note that some countries within the species' wintering range did not report any data.



Sources

Albania

Winter population size: Bino pers. obs.
Winter short-term trend: Bino pers. obs.
Winter long-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Austria

Breeding population size: BirdLife Austria, estimate on the basis of available unpublished and published population data
Breeding short-term trend: BirdLife Austria, estimate on the basis of available unpublished and published trend data
Breeding long-term trend: BirdLife Austria, estimate on the basis of available unpublished and published trend data

Azerbaijan

Winter population size: BirdLife International 2004
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Belarus

Breeding population size: Bogdanovich I.A. - personal communication
Breeding short-term trend: Bogdanovich I.A. - personal communication Data of midwinter counts of wintering waterbirds in Belarus (2009-2013).
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Winter short-term trend: Bogdanovich I.A. - personal communication Data of midwinter counts of wintering waterbirds in Belarus (2009-2013).
Winter long-term trend: Nikiforov M.E., Kozulin A.V., eds. Belarussian birds at the beginning of XXI century: status, numbers, distribution. - 1997. - Minsk. - 187 p.

Belgium

Breeding population size: Database Rare and less common Breeding Birds, INBO (coord. A.Anselin), selected data Waarnemingen.be, compilation of data and enquiries in ornithological community
Breeding short-term trend: Rare bird panel
Breeding long-term trend: Comparison between 2008-2012 estimate and Devillers, 1989 (Atlas of the Belgian Breeding Bird) population estimate
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Bosnia and Herzegovina

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Bulgaria

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Croatia

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Denmark

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Estonia

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Finland

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France

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Georgia

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Germany

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Winter short-term trend: Monitoring rastender Wasservögel

Winter long-term trend: Monitoring rastender Wasservögel

Hungary

Breeding population size: MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. p. 278. Annual reports of the Hungarian Checklist and Rarities Committee. Faragó S. (ed.) (2012): Nyugat-Magyarország fészkelő madarainak elterjedési atlasza. Nyugat-magyarországi Egyetem Kiadó, Sopron (2012), 278 p.

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Iceland

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Iceland

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Republic of Ireland

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Larus canus (Mew Gull)

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