



THE IUCN RED LIST  
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



## ***Caprimulgus europaeus (European Nightjar)***

### **European Red List of Birds**

### **Supplementary Material**

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14.

For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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#### **Recommended citation**

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

#### **Further information**

- <http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>
- <http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>
- <http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>
- <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

#### **Data requests and feedback**

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email [science@birdlife.org](mailto:science@birdlife.org).

*Caprimulgus europaeus* (European Nightjar)

**Table 1.** Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe<sup>1</sup>.

Country (or territory) <sup>2</sup>	Population estimate				Short-term population trend <sup>4</sup>				Long-term population trend <sup>4</sup>				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (calling/lekking males) <sup>3</sup>	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction <sup>5</sup>	Magnitude (%) <sup>6</sup>	Year(s)	Quality	Direction <sup>5</sup>	Magnitude (%) <sup>6</sup>	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	2,500-7,000	1	2002-2012	poor	-	12-16	2002-2012	poor	-	15-20	1980-2012	poor	
Andorra	20-50	<1	1999-2001	medium	?				?				
Armenia	500-1,200	<1	2002-2012	medium	?				?				
Austria	270-420	<1	2001-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	?				
Azerbaijan	1,000-10,000	<1	1996-2000	poor	?				?				
Belarus	35,000-50,000	5	2000-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Belgium	500-600	<1	2008-2012	poor	0	0	2000-2012	medium	?				
Bosnia & HG	2,000-4,000	<1	2010-2014	poor	-	5-10	2001-2012	poor	-	5-10	1980-2013	poor	
Bulgaria	6,000-20,000	1	2005-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	poor	0	0	1980-2012	poor	
Croatia	6,500-10,000	1	2013	poor	?				?				
Cyprus	1,500-3,000	<1	2006-2012	medium	?				?				
Czech Rep.	400-700	<1	2001-2003	good	+	31-34	2000-2012	medium	-	33-42	1980-2012	medium	
Denmark	500-600	<1	2007	poor	0	0	2000-2011	poor	0	0	1980-2011	medium	
Estonia	10,000-20,000	2	2008-2012	poor	-	20-50	2001-2012	poor	-	20-50	1980-2012	poor	
Finland	3,000-5,000	<1	2006-2010	medium	+	43-75	2000-2011	medium	+	72-139	1985-2011	medium	
France	25,000-45,000	4	2008-2012	medium	?				?				
Georgia	Present	<1			?				?				
Germany	6,500-8,500	1	2005-2009	good	0	0	1998-2009	medium	0	0	1985-2009	medium	
Greece	10,000-30,000	2	2008-2012	poor	?				?				
Hungary	1,000	<1	2000-2012	poor	-	50-70	2000-2012	poor	-	50-70	1980-2012	poor	
Italy	10,000-30,000	2	2006	poor	?				-		1980-2006	poor	
Kosovo	1,000-1,500	<1	2009-2014	medium	?				?				
Latvia	16,000-31,000	3	2004	good	?				+	220-933	1994-2004	poor	
Lithuania	4,000-6,000	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Luxembourg	0-2	<1	2008-2012	poor	F	0-100	2000-2012	poor	-	75-100	1980-2012	poor	
FYRO Macedonia	2,000-5,000	<1	2001-2012	poor	?				?				
Moldova	200-300	<1	2000-2010	medium	0	0	2000-2010	medium	0	0	1980-2010	medium	
Montenegro	1,500-2,500	<1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Netherlands	2,028-2,345	<1	2008-2011	medium	+	86-133	2002-2011	good	+	314-415	1980-2011	good	
Norway	720-1,230	<1	2000-2013	poor	?				?				
Poland	6,000-10,000	1	2008-2012	medium	?				?				

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Portugal	1,500-9,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	?				?				
Romania	3,000-15,000	1	2001-2013	poor	?				?				
Russia	300,000-500,000	48	2000-2008	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	+	5-30	1980-2012	medium	
Serbia	3,600-5,100	1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Slovakia	1,000-2,000	<1	2000-2012	poor	-	10-20	2000-2012	poor	-	10-20	1980-2012	poor	
Slovenia	1,000-1,500	<1	2003-2012	medium	0	0-10	2001-2012	medium	0	0-10	1980-2012	medium	
Spain	22,841	3	1998-2001	medium	0	0	2006-2011	good	-		1980-2011	medium	
Sweden	6,000-9,000	1	2008-2012	good	+	25-75	2001-2012	medium	+	50-150	1980-2012	medium	
Switzerland	40-60	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1990-2012	medium	
Turkey	100,000-200,000	17	2013	medium	?				-	0-19	1990-2013	poor	
Ukraine	16,000-23,000	2	2000	medium	F	10-20	2001-2012	medium	F	15-25	1980-2012	medium	
United Kingdom	3,700-5,500	1	2004	good	+	34	1992-2004	good	+	97	1981-2004	good	
EU27	<b>142,000-279,000</b>	<b>24</b>		<b>Unknown</b>									
Europe	<b>614,000-1,100,000</b>	<b>100</b>		<b>Stable</b>									

<sup>1</sup> See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

<sup>2</sup> The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

<sup>3</sup> In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

<sup>4</sup> The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

<sup>5</sup> Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

<sup>6</sup> Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

## Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

### KEY

- |                                  |                                  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ▲ Large increase ( $\geq 50\%$ ) | ▼ Large decrease ( $\geq 50\%$ ) |
| ▲ Moderate increase (20–49%)     | ▼ Moderate decrease (20–49%)     |
| ▲ Small increase (<20%)          | ▼ Small decrease (<20%)          |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude  | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude  |

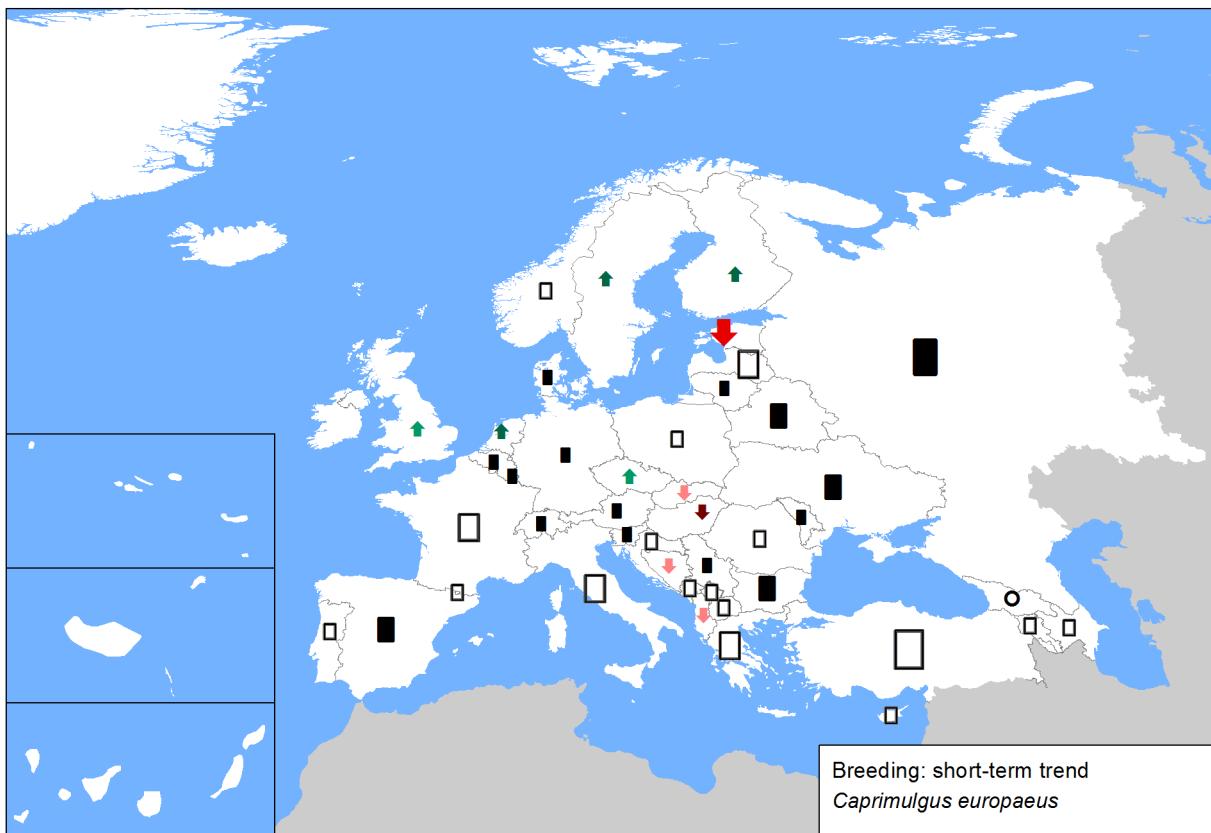
- Stable or fluctuating
- Unknown
- Present (no population or trend data)
- ✗ Extinct since 1980

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

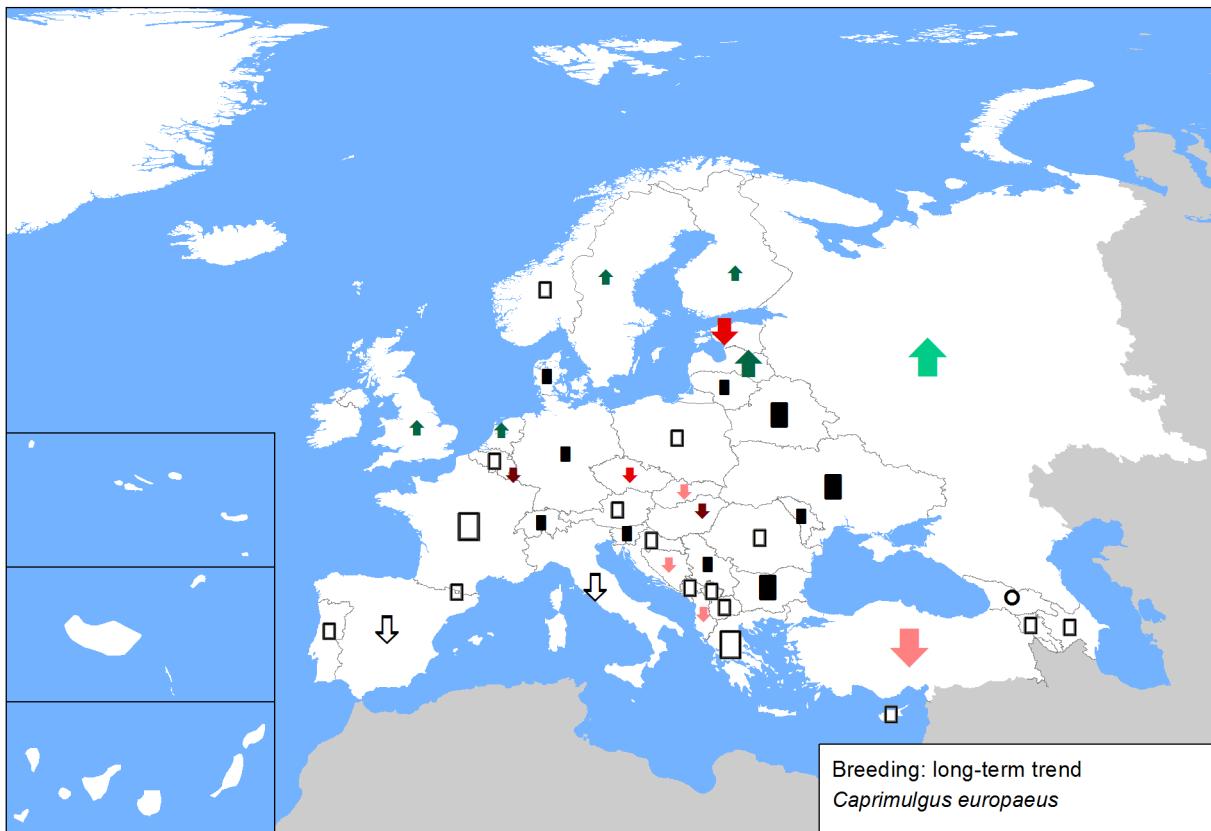
- ↑ Large:  $\geq 10\%$  of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

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**Figure 1.** Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.



**Figure 2.** Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



# *Caprimulgus europaeus* (European Nightjar)

## Sources

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Breeding population size: Bino pers. obs.

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Breeding long-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

### Andorra

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### Armenia

Breeding population size: ASPB data

### Austria

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## *Caprimulgus europaeus* (European Nightjar)

### Kosovo

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