



THE IUCN RED LIST
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



Apus apus (Common Swift)

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14.

For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

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Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

- <http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>
- <http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>
- <http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>
- <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Apus apus (Common Swift)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	4,000-16,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	-	15-20	2002-2012	poor	-	10-20	1980-2012	poor	
Andorra	300-400	<1	1999-2001	poor	?				?				
Armenia	100,000-150,000	<1	2002-2012	good	?				?				
Austria	30,000-60,000	<1	2001-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	?				
Azerbaijan	10,000-100,000	<1	1996-2000	poor	?				?				
Belarus	140,000-160,000	1	2000-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Belgium	20,000-50,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	+	5-27	2000-2012	medium	0	0	1973-2012	medium	
Bosnia & HG	2,000-3,000	<1	2010-2014	poor	?				?				
Bulgaria	8,000-20,000	<1	2005-2012	medium	-	28	2001-2012	medium	0	5-10	1980-2012	medium	
Croatia	100,000-500,000	1	2014	poor	?				?				
Cyprus	15,000-60,000	<1	2008-2013	medium	-	25-75	2001-2013	medium	?				
Czech Rep.	60,000-120,000	<1	2001-2003	good	?				0	0	1985-2003	medium	
Denmark	15,000	<1	2011	medium	-	20-33	1999-2011	good	-	20-33	1980-2011	good	
Estonia	70,000-150,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	0	0-10	2001-2012	poor	0	0-10	1980-2012	poor	
Finland	14,000-26,000	<1	2006-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	-	38-62	1983-2012	medium	
France	350,000-650,000	2	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2011	poor	0	0	1989-2011	poor	
Georgia	Present	<1			?				?				
Germany	215,000-395,000	1	2005-2009	good	-	23-38	1998-2009	good	-	30-48	1990-2009	good	
Greece	50,000-70,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	?				?				
Hungary	3,000-5,000	<1	1995-2002	poor	?				?				
Rep. Ireland	12,760-87,027	<1	2006-2011	good	-	33-60	1998-2011	good	?				
Italy	500,000-1,000,000	3	2007	poor	0	0	2000-2011	poor	0	0	1980-2011	poor	
Kosovo	100-200	<1	2009-2014	medium	?				?				
Latvia	79,622-177,426	<1	2011	poor	F	0-1400	2005-2012	poor	0	0	1994-2004	good	
Liechtenstein	150-200	<1	2009-2014	medium	0	0	2003-2014	medium	-	20-30	1980-2014	medium	
Lithuania	50,000-100,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Luxembourg	2,000-3,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	-	0-20	2000-2012	medium	-	20-50	1980-2012	medium	
FYRO Macedonia	5,000-10,000	<1	2001-2012	poor	?				?				
Malta	1-33	<1	2009	good	+	0-3200	2001-2012	good	+	0-3200	1997-2012	good	
Moldova	800-1,200	<1	2000-2010	medium	0	0	2000-2010	medium	0	0	1980-2010	medium	
Montenegro	300-500	<1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Netherlands	10,000-100,000	<1	2008-2011	poor	?				?				

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	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Norway	35,000-75,000	<1	2000-2013	poor	?				?				
Poland	86,000-150,000	<1	2008-2012	good	+	31-106	2000-2012	good	?				
Portugal	Present	<1	2002		?				?				
Romania	15,000-60,000	<1	2001-2013	poor	?				?				
Russia	1,800,000-4,000,000	11	2000-2008	medium	-	5-30	2000-2012	poor	?				
Serbia	7,300-7,600	<1	2008-2012	medium	+	1-9	2000-2012	medium	+	≥30	1980-2012	medium	
Slovakia	30,000-60,000	<1	2002-2012	good	0	0	2000-2012	good	0	0	1980-2012	poor	
Slovenia	3,000-5,000	<1	2002-2012	medium	?				0	0-10	1980-2012	medium	
Spain	13,860,020-19,426,978	67	2004-2006	good	-	26	1998-2012	good	-		1980-2012	poor	
ES: Canary Is	1-50	<1	1997-2003	poor	?				+		1980-2012	poor	
Sweden	218,000-408,000	1	2008-2012	medium	-	23-39	2001-2012	good	-	43-60	1980-2012	good	
Switzerland	50,000-75,000	<1	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	0	0	1990-2012	medium	
Turkey	1,000,000-4,000,000	8	2013	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0-19	1990-2013	poor	
Ukraine	70,000-110,000	<1	2000	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	F	0-10	1980-2012	medium	
United Kingdom	64,000-111,000	<1	2009	medium	-	34	1998-2010	good	?				
EU27	15,800,000-23,300,000	77			Decreasing								
Europe	19,100,000-32,500,000	100			Decreasing								

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ▲ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ▼ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ▲ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ▼ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ▲ Small increase (<20%) | ▼ Small decrease (<20%) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |

- Stable or fluctuating
- Unknown
- Present (no population or trend data)
- ✗ Extinct since 1980

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

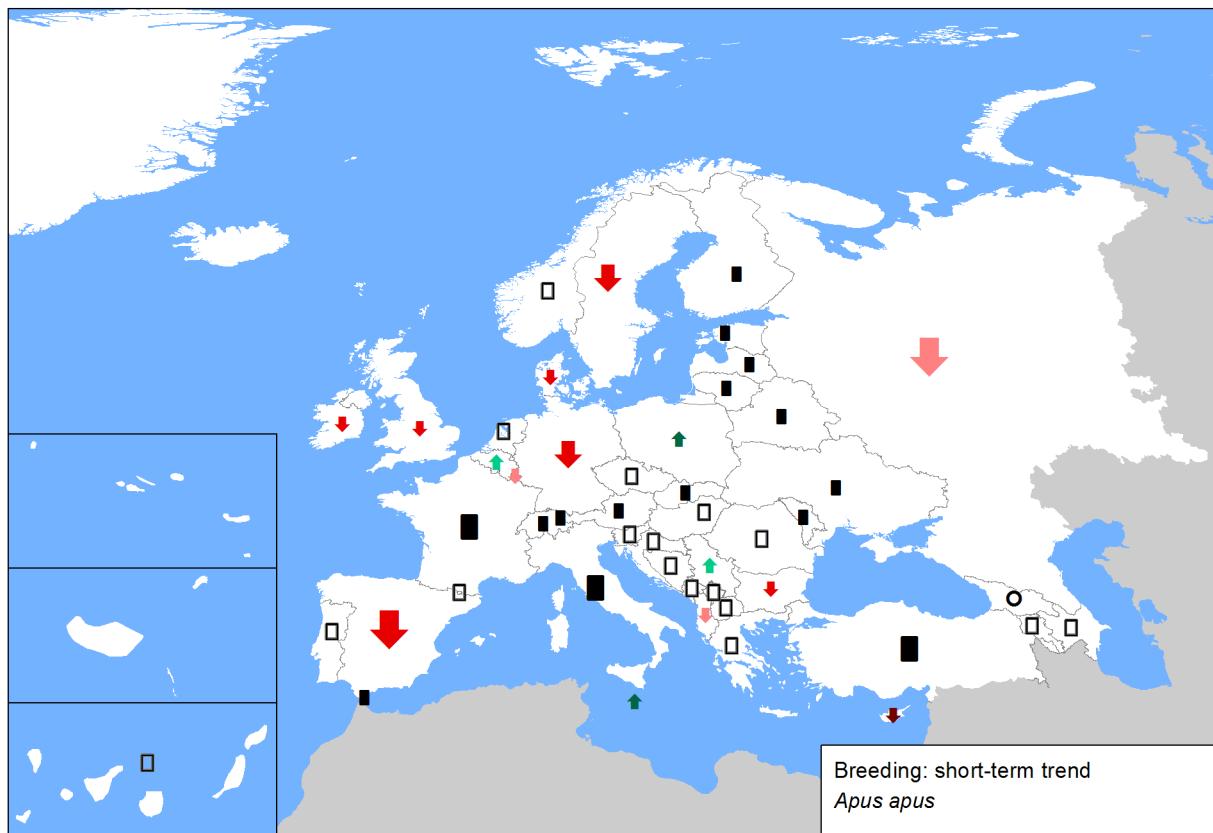
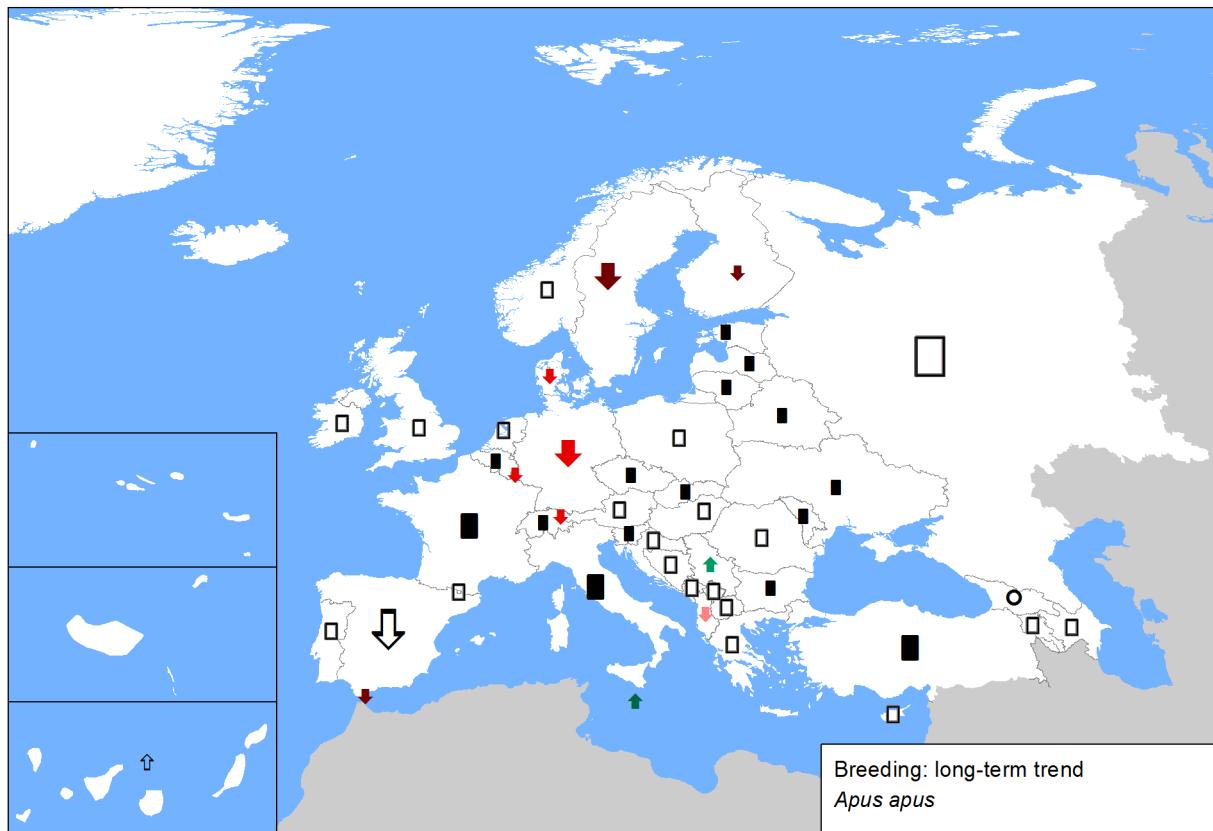


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



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Sources

Albania

Breeding population size: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding short-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding long-term trend: Bino pers. Obs.

Andorra

Breeding population size: BirdLife International 2004

Armenia

Breeding population size: ASPB data

Austria

Breeding population size: BirdLife Austria, extrapolation on the basis of available unpublished and published population and density data

Breeding short-term trend: BirdLife Austria, estimate on the basis of available unpublished and published trend data

Azerbaijan

Breeding population size: BirdLife International 2004

Belarus

Breeding population size: Zhuravliev D.V. - personal communication

Breeding short-term trend: BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. (BirdLife Conservation Series, No 12).

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Belgium

Breeding population size: Data Breeding Bird atlas Wallonia (Jacob et al 2010), Brussels (Weiserbs 2012) and Flanders (Vermeersch et al 2004) in combination with trend data.

Breeding short-term trend: Common bird monitoring schemes

Breeding long-term trend: Comparison between 2008-2012 estimate and Devillers, 1989 (Atlas of the Belgian Breeding Bird) population estimate

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Breeding population size: unpublis data

Bulgaria

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Croatia

Breeding population size: BiE III Work group, Croatia

Breeding short-term trend: BiE III Work group, Croatia

Breeding long-term trend: BiE III Work group, Croatia

Cyprus

Breeding population size: 2013 Common Birds Monitoring programme set up by BirdLife Cyprus, with relevant line transect survey data analysed using DISTANCE programme. Data from BirdLife Cyprus annual reports 2008-2012.

Breeding short-term trend: Analysis of records from line transect survey data for the period 2006-2013 using TRIM software. The data was from line transect surveys carried out under three different but compatible common birds survey programmes (one a 2006-12 pilot programme set up by BirdLife Cyprus and the other a 2006-11 W Cyprus programme operated by Proff Derek Pomeroy). These programmes were merged and expanded in 2013 under a Common Birds Monitoring programme managed by BirdLife Cyprus. This analysis has been detailed in a September 2013 report by BirdLife Cyprus to the Cyprus government, under a contract to produce the Farmland Birds Index for Cyprus; Bird sightings records as published in BirdLife Cyprus annual reports.

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Czech Republic

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Denmark

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Breeding short-term trend: Heldbjerg, H. & Lerche-Jørgensen, M. (2012): Overvågning af de danske almindelige fuglearter i Danmark 1975-2011. Årsrapport for Punkttællingsprojektet. Dansk Ornitoligisk Forening. (The Danish Point Count Census for breeding birds during the period 1999-2011)

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Estonia

Breeding population size: Elts, J., Leito, A., Leivits, A., Luigjõe, L., Mägi, E., Nellis, Rein, Nellis, Renno, Ots, M., Pehlak, H. 2013. Status and numbers of Estonian birds, 2008-2012. Hirundo 26(2): 80-112. URL: http://www.eoy.ee/hirundo/file_download/149/Elts_et_al_2013_2.pdf

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Breeding long-term trend: Elts, J., Leito, A., Leivits, A., Luigjõe, L., Mägi, E., Nellis, Rein, Nellis, Renno, Ots, M., Pehlak, H. 2013. Status and numbers of Estonian birds, 2008-2012. Hirundo 26(2): 80-112. URL: http://www.eoy.ee/hirundo/file_download/149/Elts_et_al_2013_2.pdf

Finland

Breeding population size: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

Breeding short-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

Breeding long-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

France

Breeding population size: <http://www.atlas-ornitho.fr/>

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Georgia

Breeding population size: BirdLife International 2004

Germany

Breeding population size: Gedeon, K., C. Grüneberg, A. Mitschke & C. Sudfeldt (in Vorb.): Atlas Deutscher Brutvogelarten. SVD & DDA, Münster.

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Greece

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Hungary

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Republic of Ireland

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Kosovo

Breeding population size: NGO "Finch" (2014)

Latvia

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Luxembourg

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The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

Breeding population size: M. Velevski, unedited data

Malta

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Montenegro

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Netherlands

Breeding population size: expert judgement Sovon, Gierzwaluw Bescherming Nederland

Breeding short-term trend: none

Breeding long-term trend: none

Norway

Breeding population size: Shimmings P. & Øien, I.J. 2015. Bestandsestimator og trender for norske hekkefugler. NOF-rapport 2015-2.

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Norway

Breeding short-term trend: Kålås, J.A., Husby, M., Nilsen, E.B., & Vang, R. 2014. Bestandsvariasjoner for terrestriske fugler i Norge 1996-2013. Norsk Ornitoligisk Forening Rapport 4 / 2014.

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Poland

Breeding population size: Chodkiewicz T., Kuczyński L., Sikora A., Ławicki Ł., Chylarecki P., Neubauer G., Meissner W., Rohde Z. 2013. Opracowanie raportu dla Komisji Europejskiej z wdrażania Dyrektywy Ptasiej w Polsce w zakresie Monitoringu Ptaków Polski w Państwowym Monitoringu Środowiska. Sprawozdanie dla Głównego Inspektoratu Ochrony Środowiska. OTOP, Marki.

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Portugal

Romania

Breeding population size: "Milvus Group" Bird and Nature Protection Association database, unpublished data Romanian Ornithological Society database, unpublished data Romanian Common Bird Monitoring Database

Russia

Breeding population size: Ravkin E.S., Ravkin Yu.S. 2005. Birds of Northern Eurasian plains: numbers, distribution, spatial organization of communities. Novosibirsk, Nauka: 304 p. (in Russian). Numerov A.D. 1996. Class Birds Aves. – Natural resources of Voronezh Region. Vertebrate Animals. Cadaster. Voronezh, Biomik: 48-159 (in Russian). Sarychev V.S. (ed.) 2009. Vertebrates of Lipetsk Region. Voronezh: 494 p. Sarychev V.S., unpublished. vssar@yandex.ru Belik V.P. 2005. Cadastre of breeding avifauna of South Russia. Strepet 3, no. 1-2: 5-37 (in Russian).

Breeding short-term trend: Preobrazhenskaya E.S., unpublished. voop21@rambler.ru Shepel A.I., unpublished. shai53@mail.ru

Breeding long-term trend: Different short term trends in several areas of the range. So it is not possible to assess a total trend.

Serbia

Breeding population size: BPSSS (2014) Unpublished data

Breeding short-term trend: BPSSS (2014) Unpublished data

Breeding long-term trend: BPSSS (2014) Unpublished data

Slovakia

Breeding population size: Ridzoň, J., Karaska, D., Darolová, A.

Breeding short-term trend: Ridzoň, J., Karaska, D., Darolová, A.

Breeding long-term trend: Ridzoň, J., Karaska, D., Darolová, A.

Slovenia

Breeding population size: Mihelič, T. (2013): Novi ornitološki atlas gnezdk Slovencije 2002-2010. Internetna baza podatkov. Spletna stran: <http://www.ptice.si/atlas>. Društvo za opazovanje in proučevanje ptic Slovenije, DOPPS - BirdLife Slovenija. Ljubljana.

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Spain

Breeding population size: Carrascal, L.M. & D. Palomino (2008). Las aves comunes reproductoras en España. Población en 2004-2006. SEO/BirdLife. Madrid. 202 pp. http://www.magrama.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/19_paseriformes_2004_2006_tcm7-218232.pdf

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Breeding long-term trend: SEO/BirdLife (2013). Resultados del programa Sacre de SEO/BirdLife en 2012. SEO/BirdLife. Madrid. Martí, R. & del Moral, J.C. (Eds.) (2003). Atlas de las Aves Reproductoras de España. Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza- Sociedad Española de Ornitología. Madrid, 733 pp. (http://www.magrama.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/inventario-especies-terrestres/inventario-nacional-de-biodiversidad/ieet_aves_atlas.aspx)

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Breeding population size: Martín, A. & J. A. Lorenzo. 2001. Aves del Archipiélago Canario. Francisco Lemus Editor. La Laguna. 787 pp. Lorenzo, J.A. 2007 (ed). Atlas de las Aves Nidificantes en el Archipiélago Canario (1997-2003). Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza-Sociedad Española de Ornitología. Madrid. 520 pp.

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Breeding long-term trend: Martín, A. & J. A. Lorenzo. 2001. Aves del Archipiélago Canario. Francisco Lemus Editor. La Laguna. 787 pp. Lorenzo, J.A. 2007 (ed). Atlas de las Aves Nidificantes en el Archipiélago Canario (1997-2003). Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza-Sociedad Española de Ornitología. Madrid. 520 pp.

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Sweden

Breeding population size: Ottosson, U., Ottvall, R., Elmberg, J., Green, M., Gustafsson, R., Haas, F., Holmqvist, N., Lindström, Å., Nilsson, L., Svensson, M., Svensson, S. & Tjernberg, M. 2012. Fåglarna i Sverige - antal och förekomst. Sveriges Ornitolologiska Förening, Halmstad.

Breeding short-term trend: Swedish Bird Survey (Svensk Fågeltaxering), Lund University.

Breeding long-term trend: Swedish Bird Survey (Svensk Fågeltaxering), Lund University.

Switzerland

Breeding population size: Original estimate: Schmid, H., R. Luder, B. Naef-Daenzer, R. Graf & N. Zbinden (1998): Schweizer Brutvogelatlas. Verbreitung der Brutvögel in der Schweiz und im Fürstentum Liechtenstein 1993-1996/Atlas des oiseaux nicheurs de Suisse. Distribution des oiseaux nicheurs en Suisse et au Liechtenstein en 1993-1996. Schweizerische Vogelwarte/Station ornithologique suisse, Sempach. Swiss Ornithological Institute: update on occasion of the following publication: Schmid, H. (2012): Schwalben und Segler. Schweizerische Vogelwarte, Sempach.

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Breeding population size: Birdlife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status, Cambridge UK: Birdlife International (Birdlife Conservation series no:12 www.kusbanks.org) Kirwan G.M., Boyla K. A., Castell P., Demirci B., Özén M., Welch H., Marlow T., 2008, Birds of Turkey. Londra, Christopher Helm, 978-1-4081-0475-

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Breeding population size: 1. Tucker G.M., Heath M.F. Birds in Europe: their conservation status. - Cambridge. U.K. Bird Life Conservation Series №. 3. 1994. 600 p. 2. Hagemajer W.J.M., Blair M.J. The EBCC Atlas of European Breeding Birds: Their Distribution and Abundance. Poyser. - London. 1997. 903 p.

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