



THE IUCN RED LIST
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



Dendrocopos syriacus (Syrian Woodpecker)

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU27) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013-14.

For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2015).

Contents

Reported national population sizes and trends	p. 2
Trend maps of reported national population data	p. 3
Sources of reported national population data	p. 5
Species factsheet bibliography	p. 8

Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2015) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

Further information

- <http://www.birdlife.org/datazone/info/euroredlist>
- <http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>
- <http://www.iucnredlist.org/initiatives/europe>
- <http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Dendrocopos syriacus (Syrian Woodpecker)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁴				Long-term population trend ⁴				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	Direction ⁵	Magnitude (%) ⁶	Year(s)	Quality	
Albania	1,000-4,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	0	0	2002-2012	medium	0	0	1980-2012	medium	
Armenia	1,000-2,500	<1	2002-2012	medium	?				?				
Austria	1,800-2,500	<1	2001-2012	medium	0	0	2001-2012	medium	?				
Azerbaijan	5,000-10,000	2	1996-2000	poor	?				?				
Belarus	500-1,000	<1	2000-2012	medium	+	90	2000-2012	medium	+	95-98	1980-2012	medium	
Bosnia & HG	30-50	<1	2010-2014	poor	+	5-10	2001-2012	poor	+	5-10	1980-2013	poor	
Bulgaria	14,000-25,000	4	2005-2012	medium	-	5-10	2000-2012	medium	0	0-5	1980-2012	medium	
Croatia	1,000-1,800	<1	2013	poor	?				?				
Czech Rep.	1,000-1,400	<1	2001-2003	good	0	7-10	2000-2012	medium	+		1980-2012	poor	
Georgia	Present	<1			?				?				
Greece	10,000-20,000	3	2008-2012	poor	?				?				
Hungary	21,200-41,900	7	2000-2012	medium	?				?				
Kosovo	700-1,100	<1	2009-2014	medium	?				?				
FYRO Macedonia	3,000-15,000	2	2001-2012	poor	?				?				
Moldova	3,200-3,800	1	2000-2010	medium	0	0	2000-2010	medium	0	0	1980-2010	medium	
Montenegro	1,500-2,000	<1	2002-2012	poor	?				?				
Poland	1,000-2,000	<1	2008-2012	poor	+	150-230	1997-2012	medium	+	300-400	1980-2012	medium	
Romania	10,000-30,000	4	2001-2013	poor	?				?				
Russia	7,000-12,000	2	2005-2010	poor	+	5-30	2000-2012	good	+	10-70	1980-2012	good	
Serbia	22,000-29,000	6	2008-2012	medium	0	0	2000-2012	medium	+	1-9	1980-2012	medium	
Slovakia	1,500-2,500	<1	2000-2012	poor	0	0	2000-2012	poor	0	0	1980-2012	poor	
Slovenia	5-10	<1	2008-2012	poor	?				?				
Turkey	150,000-400,000	58	2013	poor	0	0	2000-2012	good	-	0-19	1990-2013	poor	
Ukraine	25,000-45,000	8	2000	medium	F	5-15	2001-2012	medium	F	20-25	1980-2012	medium	
EU27	60,500-125,000	20			Unknown								
Europe	281,000-653,000	100			Stable								

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁵ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁶ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ▲ Large increase ($\geq 50\%$) | ▼ Large decrease ($\geq 50\%$) |
| ▲ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ▼ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ▲ Small increase (<20%) | ▼ Small decrease (<20%) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |

- Stable or fluctuating
- Unknown
- Present (no population or trend data)
- ✗ Extinct since 1980

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: $\geq 10\%$ of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

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Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

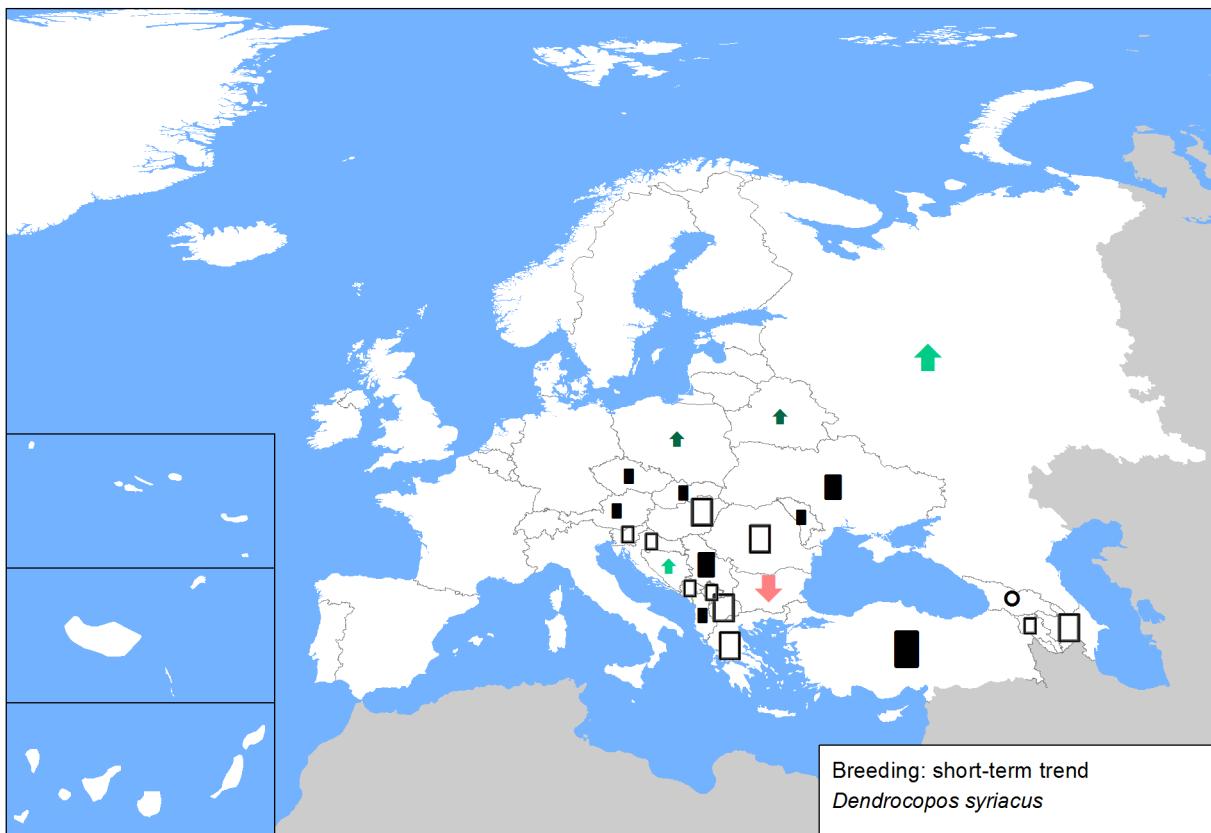
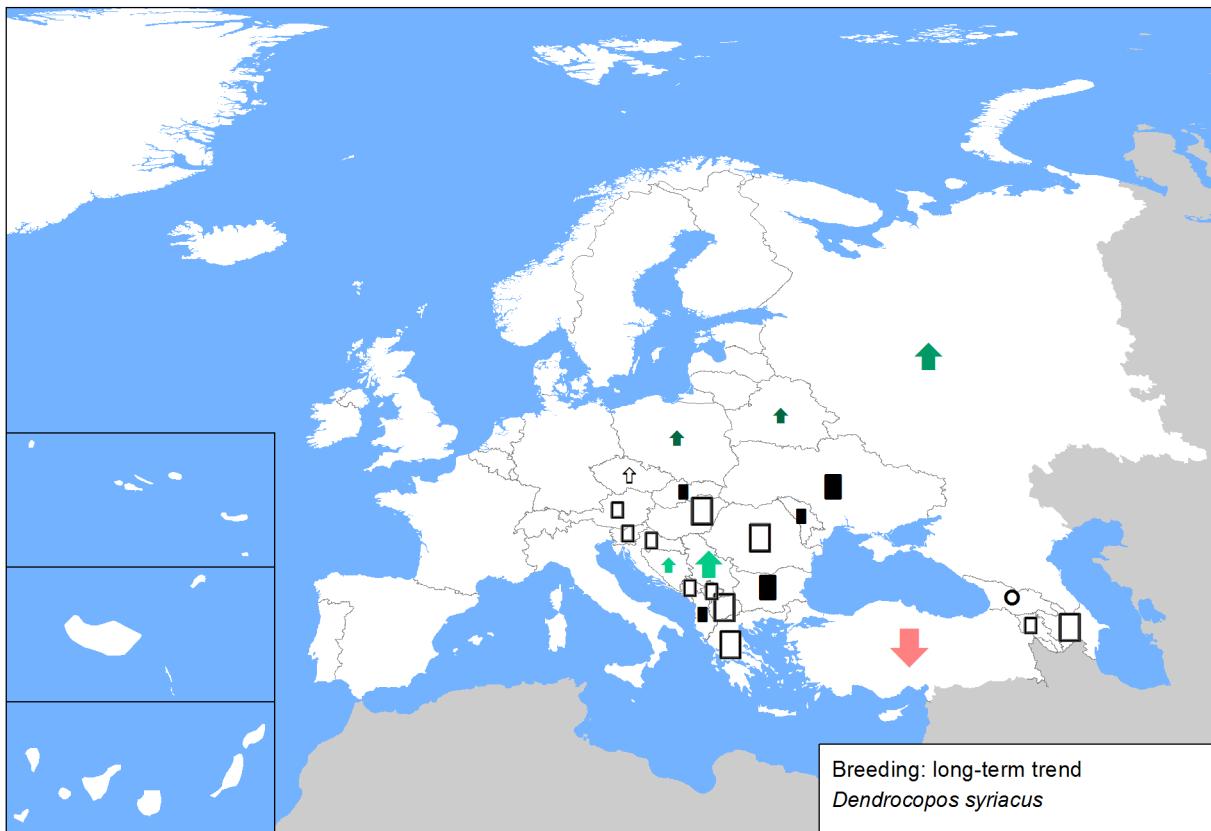


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



Dendrocopos syriacus (Syrian Woodpecker)

Sources

Albania

Breeding population size: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding short-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Breeding long-term trend: Bino pers. obs.

Armenia

Breeding population size: ASPB data

Austria

Breeding population size: BirdLife Austria, extrapolation on the basis of available unpublished and published population and density data

Breeding short-term trend: BirdLife Austria, estimate on the basis of available unpublished and published trend data

Azerbaijan

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Belarus

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Dendrocopos syriacus (Syrian Woodpecker)

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Breeding population size: National common bird monitoring scheme (MMM) database. Szép, T., Nagy, K., Nagy, Zs. & Halmos, G. (2012): Population trends of common breeding and wintering birds in Hungary, decline of long-distance migrant and farmland birds during 1999–2012. *Ornis Hungarica* 20(2): 13–63.

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Dendrocopos syriacus (Syrian Woodpecker)

Turkey

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