

Luscinia luscinia

THRUSH NIGHTINGALE

Non-SPEC^E (1994: 4) Status Secure

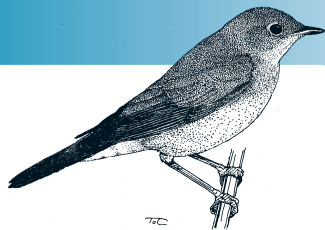
Criteria —

European IUCN Red List Category —

Criteria —

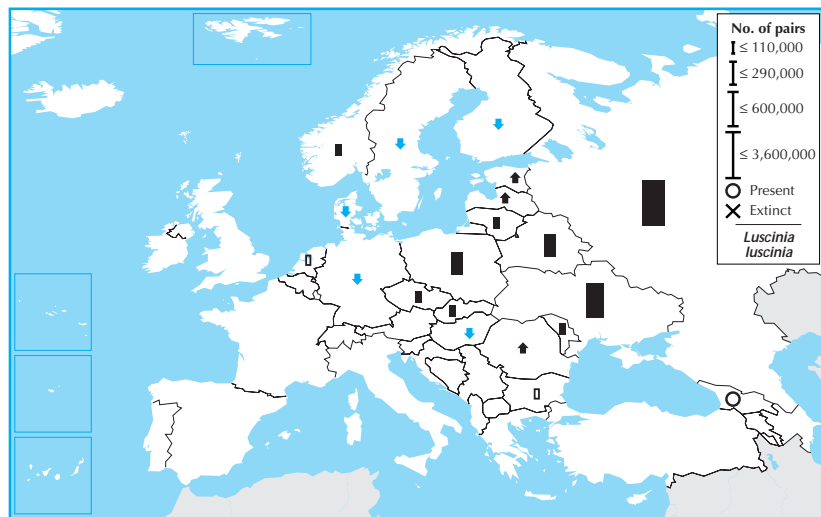
Global IUCN Red List Category —

Criteria —



Luscinia luscinia is a widespread summer visitor to north-eastern Europe, which constitutes >50% of its global breeding range. Its European breeding population is very large (>3,700,000 pairs), and was stable between 1970–1990. Although there were declines in some marginal populations during 1990–2000, key populations in the core of the breeding range—notably Russia—were stable, and the species remained stable overall. Consequently, it is evaluated as Secure.

Country	Breeding pop. size (pairs)	Year(s)	Trend	Mag. %	References
Belarus	160,000 – 200,000	97–02	0	0–19	
Bulgaria	(0 – 5)	96–02	?	–	
Czech Rep.	0 – 5	00	0	0–19	
Denmark	(10,000 – 50,000)	00	–	30–49	
Estonia	40,000 – 80,000	98	+	20–29	1
Finland	15,000 – 20,000	98–02	–	10	
Georgia	Present	03	?	–	
Germany	9,600 – 36,000	95–99	–	20–29	
Hungary	0 – 10	95–02	–	20–49	
Latvia	50,000 – 150,000	90–00	+	30–49	23,16,2
Lithuania	(40,000 – 70,000)	99–01	(0)	(0–19)	20
Moldova	40,000 – 50,000	90–00	0	0–19	
Netherlands	0 – 2	98–00	?	–	1
Norway	300 – 1,000	90–03	0	0–19	
Poland	200,000 – 400,000	00–02	0	0–19	23
Romania	86,000 – 120,000	00–02	+	0–19	48
Russia	2,500,000 – 5,000,000	90–00	(0)	(0–19)	122
Slovakia	1,000 – 1,500	90–99	0	0–19	
Sweden	20,000 – 50,000	99–00	–	38	
Ukraine	520,000 – 680,000	90–00	0	0–9	
Total (approx.)	3,700,000 – 6,900,000		Overall trend Stable		
Breeding range	>4,000,000 km²		Gen. length. <3.3 %	Global pop. 50–74	



2000 population	93		6
1990 population	36	60	4
Data quality (%) – <i>Luscinia luscinia</i>			
□ unknown □ poor □ medium ■ good			
1990–2000 trend	72		27
1970–1990 trend	37	56	7

2000 population	26		60	14
1990 population	52		34	12
Data quality (%) – <i>Erithacus rubecula</i> (see p. 200, top)				
□ unknown □ poor □ medium ■ good				
1990–2000 trend	3	36	29	32
1970–1990 trend	55		25	18