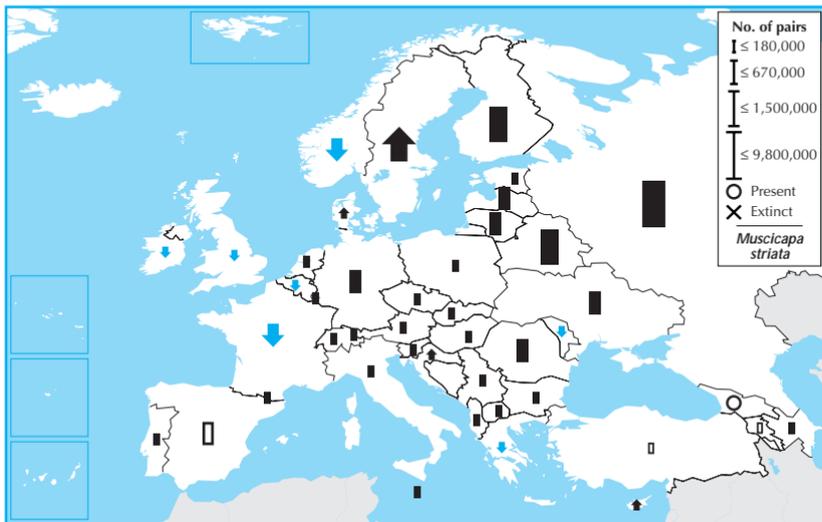


Muscicapa striata SPOTTED FLYCATCHER



SPEC 3 (1994: 3) **Status** Depleted
Criteria Moderate historical decline
European IUCN Red List Category —
Criteria —
Global IUCN Red List Category —
Criteria —

Muscicapa striata is a widespread summer visitor to Europe, which accounts for less than half of its global breeding range. Its European breeding population is extremely large (>14,000,000 pairs), but underwent a moderate decline between 1970–1990. Although there were declines in a small number of countries during 1990–2000, the species was stable or increased across most of its European range, and declined only slightly overall. Nevertheless, its population has clearly not yet recovered to the level that preceded its initial decline. Consequently, it is evaluated as Depleted.



| Country | Breeding pop. size (pairs) | Year(s) | Trend | Mag. % | References |
|---------------|----------------------------|---------|----------|-------------|---------------------------|
| Albania | (2,000 – 5,000) | 02 | (0) | (0–19) | |
| Andorra | (20 – 50) | 99–01 | (0) | (0–19) | 1,3 |
| Armenia | 830 – 3,000 | 98–02 | ? | – | |
| Austria | (20,000 – 50,000) | 98–02 | (0) | (0–19) | |
| Azerbaijan | (10,000 – 100,000) | 96–00 | (0) | (0–19) | |
| Belarus | 700,000 – 1,000,000 | 97–02 | 0 | 0–19 | |
| Belgium | 4,500 – 15,000 | 01–02 | – | 0–19 | 1 |
| Bulgaria | 10,000 – 25,000 | 96–02 | 0 | 0–9 | |
| Croatia | (25,000 – 50,000) | 02 | (+) | (30–49) | 70,16 |
| Cyprus | (1,000 – 3,000) | 94–02 | (+) | (10–19) | |
| Czech Rep. | 30,000 – 60,000 | 00 | 0 | 0–19 | |
| Denmark | 15,000 – 25,000 | 00 | (+) | (30–49) | 12 |
| Estonia | (100,000 – 200,000) | 98 | 0 | 0–19 | 1 |
| Finland | 1,300,000 – 1,700,000 | 98–02 | 0 | 5 | |
| France | (200,000 – 1,000,000) | 98–02 | – | 51 | 4 |
| Georgia | Present | 03 | ? | – | |
| Germany | 200,000 – 440,000 | 95–99 | 0 | 0–19 | |
| Greece | (10,000 – 20,000) | 95–00 | (–) | (0–19) | |
| Hungary | 65,000 – 115,000 | 99–02 | 0 | 0–19 | 19 |
| Rep. Ireland | 20,000 – 100,000 | 88–91 | – | 20–29 | |
| Italy | (100,000 – 300,000) | 03 | (0) | (0–19) | |
| Latvia | 200,000 – 400,000 | 90–00 | (0) | (0–19) | 23,16 |
| Liechtenstein | 150 – 250 | 98–00 | 0 | 0–19 | |
| Lithuania | (200,000 – 500,000) | 99–01 | (0) | (0–19) | 20 |
| Luxembourg | 600 – 800 | 02 | 0 | 0–19 | |
| Macedonia | (1,000 – 3,000) | 90–00 | (0) | (0–19) | |
| Malta | 6 – 7 | 90–02 | 0 | 0–19 | 1 |
| Moldova | 6,000 – 7,500 | 90–00 | – | 20–29 | |
| Netherlands | 20,000 – 30,000 | 98–00 | F | 23 | 1 |
| Norway | (100,000 – 500,000) | 90–03 | – | 0–19 | 30 |
| Poland | 100,000 – 300,000 | 00–02 | 0 | 0–19 | 23 |
| Portugal | (500 – 5,000) | 02 | (0) | (0–19) | |
| Romania | (350,000 – 450,000) | 00–02 | (0) | (0–19) | 48 |
| Russia | 8,000,000 – 12,000,000 | 90–00 | 0 | 0–19 | 122 |
| Serbia & MN | 7,000 – 10,000 | 90–02 | (0) | (0–19) | 1,29,155,172a, 67a,78,227 |
| Slovakia | 65,000 – 150,000 | 90–99 | 0 | 0–19 | |
| Slovenia | 15,000 – 20,000 | 94 | (0) | (0–19) | |
| Spain | (640,000 – 690,000) | 92 | ? | – | 13,12,10 |
| Sweden | 500,000 – 1,200,000 | 99–00 | + | 6 | |
| Switzerland | 30,000 – 60,000 | 93–96 | 0 | 0–19 | |
| Turkey | (30,000 – 90,000) | 01 | ? | – | |
| Ukraine | 555,000 – 625,000 | 90–00 | F | 20–29 | |
| UK | 63,700 – 63,700 | 00 | – | 51 | 5,31 |

Total (approx.) 14,000,000 – 22,000,000
Breeding range >8,000,000 km²
Overall trend Small decline
Gen. length <3.3 % **Global pop.** 25–49
 (See p. 241, bottom, for data quality graph)