

Aegypius monachus CINEREOUS VULTURE

SPEC 1 (1994: 3) **Status** Rare

Criteria <10,000 pairs

European IUCN Red List Category —

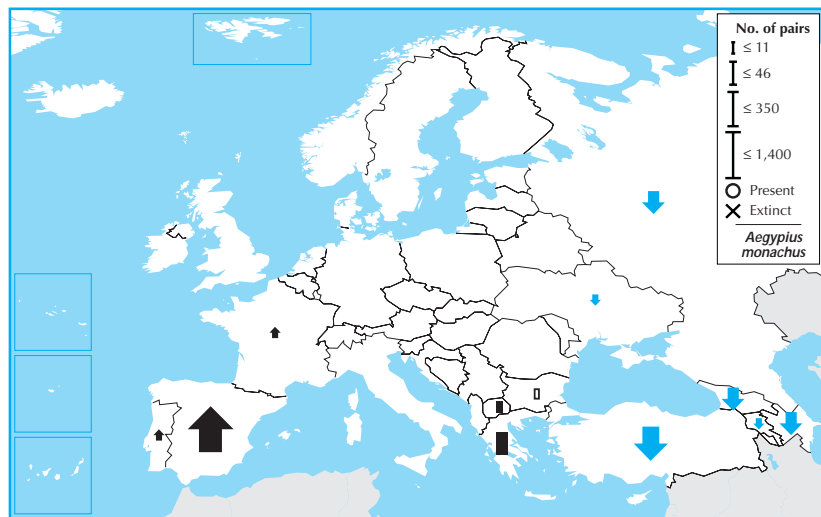
Criteria —

Global IUCN Red List Category NT

Criteria C1



Aegypius monachus is a patchily distributed resident in southern Europe, which accounts for less than half of its global breeding range. Its European breeding population is small (as few as 1,800 pairs), but increased markedly between 1970–1990. Although the species declined across much of south-eastern Europe during 1990–2000, numbers in the Spanish stronghold increased, and the species underwent a large increase (>30%) overall. Consequently, this globally Near Threatened species is evaluated as Rare in Europe.



Country	Breeding pop. size (pairs)	Year(s)	Trend	Mag. %	References
Armenia	8 – 15	01–02	–	20–29	
Azerbaijan	(10 – 30)	96–00	(–)	(30–49)	
Bulgaria	1 – 1	93	?	–	
France	8 – 10	02	+	>80	8,7
Georgia	20 – 30	94–03	–	20–29	
Greece	21 – 21	02	0	0–19	
Macedonia	0 – 4	00	0	0–19	2,3
Portugal	0 – 5	02	+	N	
Russia	(30 – 70)	94–02	(–)	(20–29)	26,74,94,153
Spain	1,400 – 1,400	01	+	20–29	10,16
Turkey	300 – 400	01	–	0–19	
Ukraine	2 – 3	90–00	–	20–29	
Total (approx.)	1,800 – 1,900		Overall trend	Large increase	
Breeding range	>500,000 km ²		Gen. length.	16	% Global pop. 25–49

2000 population

1990 population

1990–2000 trend

1970–1990 trend

